FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Comprehensive annual financial report

CAFR

FOR EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY. UT



- ► BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- ► REVENUE SCHEDULES
- ► EXPENDITURE SCHEDULES
- ► FUND BALANCES
- ► NET POSITION STATEMENTS
- ► OPERATING INFORMATION

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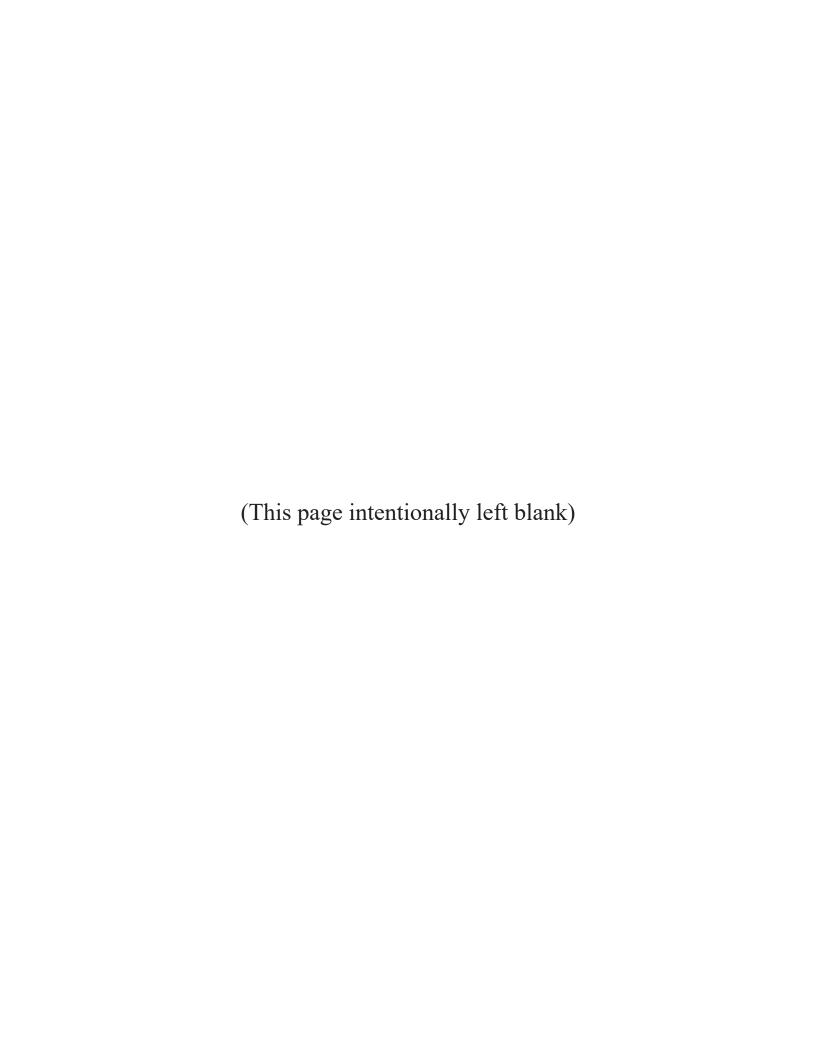


Eagle Mountain City 1650 East Stagecoach Run Eagle Mountain, Utah 84005

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the year ended June 30, 2017

Prepared by:

Finance & Executive Departments
Paul Jerome, Asst. City Administrator / Finance Director
David Mortensen, Asst. Finance Director / Treasurer
Evan Berrett, Management Analyst



EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

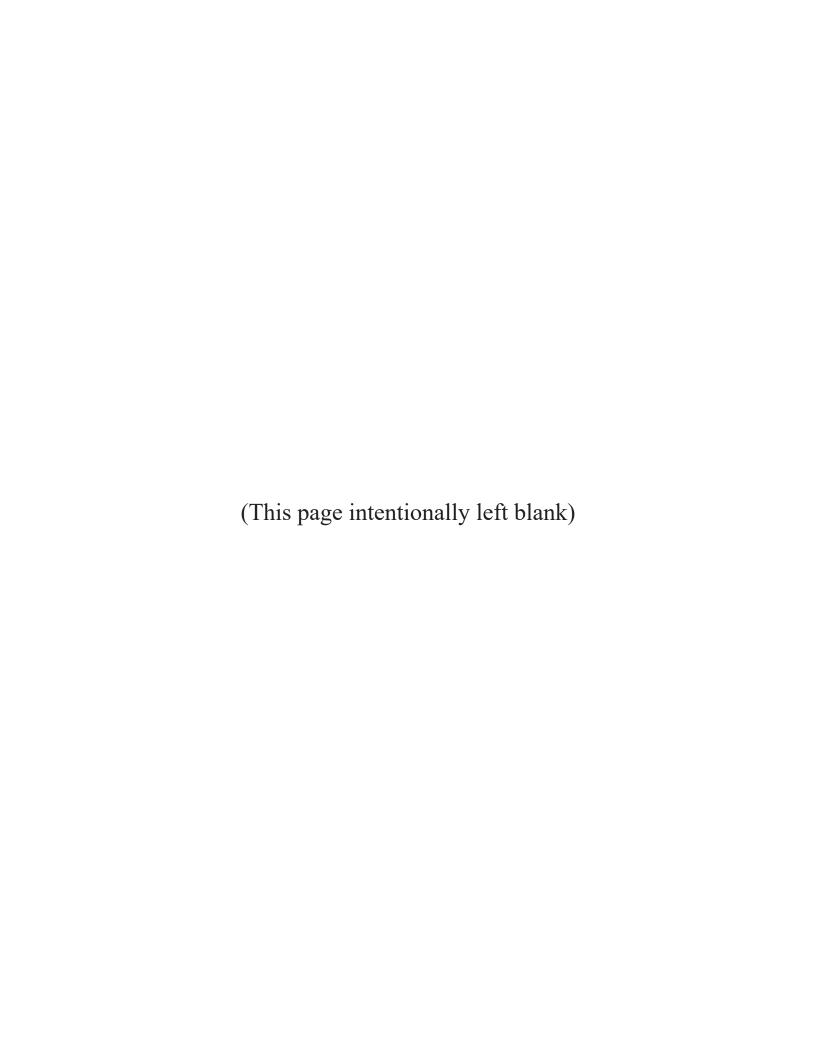
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Letter of Transmittal Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Eagle Mountain City (the City), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is submitted herewith. As a third class city, Eagle Mountain is given reasonable exceptions and modifications to accounting, budgetary, and reporting procedures as stated by Utah State law. The law for first, second, and third class cities is to "present to the governing body an annual financial report prepared in conformity with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States (GAAP), as prescribed in the Uniform Accounting Manual for Utah Cities." This report, which fulfills the law for higher-class cities, presents a comprehensive financial picture covering all funds and financial transactions for the year.

This CAFR has been prepared by the City's Finance and Management Departments. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures and supplementary information, rests with the City's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the government's financial activities have been included. Likewise, the "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this report and should be read for a more complete understanding of the financial statements and information presented in this report.

Management of the City is also responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The City's internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of the control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As required by Utah state law, an annual audit has been conducted by independent certified public accountants. The Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants, as prepared by Gilbert & Stewart, CPA, A Professional Corporation, is included within the Financial Section of this report. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statements presentation.

The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Eagle Mountain City was incorporated in December 1996 and includes over 50 square miles or around 27,000 acres. The City is located approximately 10 miles West of the City of Lehi, Utah, 40 miles Southwest of Salt Lake City, Utah, and 30 miles Northwest of Provo, Utah.

Since the 2000 U.S. Census, Eagle Mountain City has shown steady, and often rapid, growth. In twenty years, the City has grown from 2,157 residents to about 35,000 in 2017. About 8,500 residential units have been built, with an average of 486 permits per year over the past 5 years, making Eagle Mountain one of the fastest growing communities in Utah and the state's third largest city geographically.

Since the City was established it has operated under the council-mayor form of government. The City Council, comprised of five elected individuals, is the governing authority for the City. The elected Mayor has various administrative and veto powers. One of the Mayor's administrative powers is the appointment of the City Administrator, Cabinet Officers (Department Heads), and various other positions such as the City Treasurer, the City Recorder, and the City Engineer.

The City Council establishes City policy, approves the budget, and ratifies the appointment of City Officials. The City Council is authorized to issue bonds, incur short-term debt, levy property taxes, and is not dependent on any other unit of local government.

The City provides the full range of municipal services normally associated with a municipality. In brief, the general government functions include police protection, park construction and maintenance, street construction and maintenance, public improvements, engineering, building inspection, planning and zoning, administrative services, and park and recreation services. The City also operates water, solid waste, and sewer services as enterprise funds.

Comprehensive annual budgets are an essential element for the City's financial planning and control. Therefore, budgets are adopted annually (required by Utah state law) by the City Council for all funds except debt service funds (which although budgeted, are used to account for special assessments and expendable trust funds and therefore are subject to compensating controls).

Utah state law also requires: 1) a balanced budget for each individual fund; however, Redevelopment Agencies are allowed to incur debt prior to the triggering of the tax increment revenue thus allowing an unbalanced budget, 2) department expenditures to conform with departmental appropriations, and 3) individual fund appropriations to be overspent only in "emergencies" (natural disasters).

Once the budgets are approved, the City Council may revise the budgets from time to time after following the required procedures. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local Economy

Utah's unemployment rate as of October 2017 was 3.3%, much lower than the national unemployment rate of 4.1%, with Utah County being tied for second for the lowest unemployment. During the last half of 2017, Utah's foreclosure rate stood at 0.3% which has improved significantly with the end of the recession.

Corresponding with Utah's relative economic stability, Eagle Mountain grew by about 10.3% in 2017 (based on new building permits). As these building permits were largely residential units, Eagle Mountain is and should continue seeing an increase in building since the recession ended.

Despite the small commercial tax base, Eagle Mountain residents enjoy a tax rate that is in the bottom third of all cities in Utah County. Eagle Mountain's current property tax rate is 0.001011. The City has not gone through the Truth-in-Taxation process (to raise the rate) since FY2005. The City has been able to manage services for this quick-growing community without levying heavy taxes to balance the budget. Additional information about economic factors can be found in the MD&A.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Per State law requirements, the City Council approved a balanced budget for the upcoming fiscal year. For the fifth year in a row, this was a challenging task, as the City's revenue streams continue to recover from the economic downturn. City officials sought to reduce expenditures while minimizing the impact on services to residents.

Despite the continued impact the economy is having on the City's revenue streams, the FY2018 Budget includes additional additions to the Cory B. Wride Memorial Park complex, infrastructure improvements to handle increasing demands, continuing and new road paving projects throughout the city, and the purchase of a new scree press installed at the sewer plant.

Relevant Financial Policies

Eagle Mountain City incorporates a pay-as-you-go strategy on projects that are financially feasible. Currently, the City has no general obligation debt. However, as the City is so young, a pay-as-you-use strategy was implemented in order to set up the infrastructure throughout the City. All of the City-owned utilities were financed through revenue bonds. The City consistently monitors its long-term debt situation, and refunds or repays its bonds where it is financially advantageous to the City.

Major Initiatives

As we prepare for the future, the Mayor is committed to 1) Improvement of Services; 2) Park Improvements; 3) Improved Public Safety; 4) Improved Transportation; and 5) Emphasis on Economic Development. These initiatives are reflected in the fiscal year 2018 Budget.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the City's annual budget document for fiscal years 2009 through 2016. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device. This is the eighth consecutive year that the City has received this esteemed award.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) has also awarded the Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting award to the City for the past seven fiscal years (2010 - 2016). In order to qualify for the Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting award, the City's financial status must meet rigorous standards for transparency and accuracy.

The preparation of the CAFR on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance and Management Department. Each member of these departments has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. In closing, without the leadership and support of the governing body of Eagle Mountain City, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ifo Pili, City Administrator Paul Jerome, Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

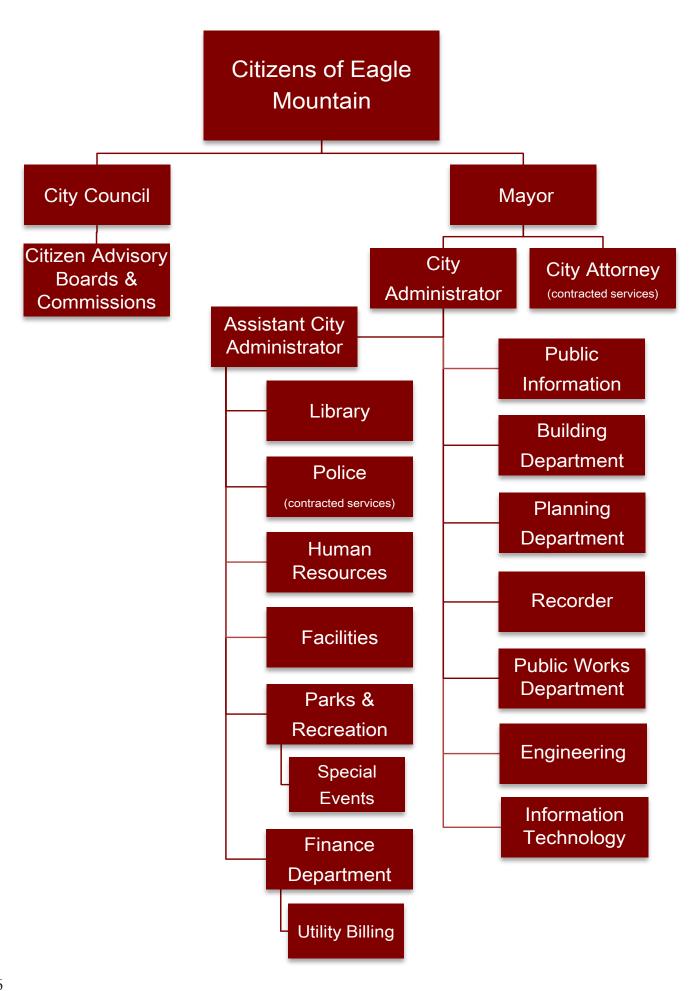
Presented to

Eagle Mountain City Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OFFICERS



Stephanie Gricius Council Member



Colby Curtis Council Member



Ben Reaves Council Member



Adam Bradley Council Member



Tom Westmoreland
Council Member



Ifo Pili City Administrator



Christopher Pengra Mayor

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council Eagle Mountain, Utah

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eagle Mountain City, Utah (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2017, the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information and the required supplementary information regarding pensions, as noted in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental information, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements, budgetary comparisons, and capital assets, as listed as supplemental information in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and to certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements, budgetary comparisons, and capital assets are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gilbert & Stewart GILBERT & STEWART, CPA, PC Provo, Utah December 10, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S	DISCUSSION	n and ana	LYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Eagle Mountain City, we offer the readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Eagle Mountain City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- In the Government Wide Statement of Net Position, the total net position of \$150,657,999 is made up of \$120,060,973 in net investment in capital assets, \$5,239,686, in restricted net position, and \$25,357,340 in unrestricted net position. Total net position increased by \$18,845,631 from the prior year.
- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,726,666. Of this amount, \$2,463,417 must only be spent on projects for which the money is restricted. \$2,303,926 is assigned by the City administration and is divided as follows: \$6,058 for storm water projects, \$280,237 for debt service, and \$2,017,631 for capital projects. The remaining \$2,959,323 is unassigned in the general fund.
- In the enterprise (proprietary) funds, operating revenues increased by \$570,348. Corresponding operating expenses increased by \$412,840. This change was due in part to the continued growth within the City.

Reporting the City as a Whole

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Eagle Mountain City's basic financial statements. Eagle Mountain City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Eagle Mountain City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net position presents information on all of Eagle Mountain City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Eagle Mountain City is improving or deteriorating. However, you will also need to consider other non-financial factors.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Eagle Mountain City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 and 22 of this report.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Eagle Mountain City also uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

• Governmental funds – These funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These fund statements focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and on the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps users determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-26 of this report.

The major governmental funds (as determined by generally accepted accounting principles) are the general fund and certain debt service funds. The balance of the governmental funds are determined to be nonmajor and are included in the combined statements within this report.

• Proprietary funds – Eagle Mountain City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Eagle Mountain City uses enterprise funds to account for its water utility, sewer utility, gas utility, electric utility, golf course, garbage, and business incubator.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-29 of this report.

• Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the fleet management, utility billing, and GIS services provided to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Eagle Mountain City, assets and deferred outflows exceed liabilities and deferred inflows by \$150,657,999.

One of the largest portions of Eagle Mountain City's net position (80%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure assets, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table summarizes the City's net position. Comparative figures for Fiscal Years 2017 and 2016 are shown below:

	Governmen	ntal A	Activities		Business-type Activities			Total			
	2017		2016		2017	2016		2017		2016	
Current and other assets	\$ 17,614,700	\$	11,984,644		\$ 24,611,329	\$ 22,899,211	5	42,226,029	\$	34,883,855	
Capital Assets	78,185,120		67,734,966		65,476,387	61,241,698		143,661,507	1	128,976,664	
Total assets	95,799,820	=	79,719,610	=	90,087,716	84,140,909	Ξ	185,887,536	1	163,860,519	
Deferred Outlflows of											
Resources	728,191	_	634,159	_	1,158,226	1,241,905	_	1,886,417		1,876,064	
Long-term debt outstanding	2,884,083		3,105,582		23,574,198	24,684,426		26,458,281		27,790,008	
Other liabilities	7,145,732		2,941,214		1,820,707	1,717,843		8,966,439		4,659,057	
Total liabilities	10,029,815		6,046,796		25,394,905	26,402,269	_	35,424,720		32,449,065	
Deferred Inflows of											
Resources	1,605,927	_	1,395,227	_	85,307	79,923	_	1,691,234	_	1,475,150	
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets,	76,834,279		66,092,722		43,226,694	38,007,144		120,060,973	1	104,099,866	
Restricted	1,107,530		1,642,085		4,132,156	2,992,801		5,239,686		4,634,886	
Unrestricted	6,950,460		5,176,939		18,406,880	17,900,677		25,357,340		23,077,616	
Total net assets	\$ 84,892,269	\$	72,911,746	3	\$ 65,765,730	\$ 58,900,622	\$	150,657,999	\$ 1	131,812,368	

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The following table summarizes the changes in net position:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 4,898,084	\$ 4,569,333	\$ 13,254,589	\$ 11,472,554	\$ 18,152,673 \$	16,041,887
Operating grants & contrib.	24,429	52,235	-	-	24,429	52,235
Capital grants & contrib.	13,384,998	10,001,603	6,250,205	3,431,786	19,635,203	13,433,389
General revenues:						
Property taxes	1,377,090	1,202,258	-	-	1,377,090	1,202,258
General sales & use tax	3,139,809	2,751,058	-	-	3,139,809	2,751,058
Franchise tax	1,224,569	1,110,170	-	-	1,224,569	1,110,170
Interest earnings	204,058	82,267			204,058	82,267
Total revenues	24,253,037	19,768,924	19,504,794	14,904,340	43,757,831	34,673,264
Expenses:	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
General government	\$ 3,075,688	\$ 3,257,255	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,075,688	\$ 3,257,255
Public safety	2,332,378	2,286,418	Ψ -	-	2,332,378	2,286,418
Highways & public works	7,506,410	6,496,475		_	7,506,410	6,496,475
Community development	1,281,716	1,174,443			1,281,716	1,174,443
Planning	508,154	380.673	_	_	508,154	380,673
Interest on long-term debt	68.597	166,707	_	_	68.597	166.707
Water utility	-	-	4.217,435	4,077,461	4,217,435	4,077,461
Sewer utility	-	_	4,004,069	3,923,954	4,004,069	3,923,954
Electric utility	-	-	61,235	95,183	61,235	95,183
Gas utility	-	-	61,731	79,069	61,731	79,069
Golf course	-	-		-	-	-
Non-major business	-	-	1,310,495	1,148,040	1,310,495	1,148,040
Total expenses	14,772,942	13,761,971	9,654,965	9,323,707	24,427,907	23,085,678
I						
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers	0.490.005	6,006,953	9,849,829	5,580,633	10 220 024	11,587,586
Transfers	9,480,095 2,684,721	80.184	(2,684,721)		19,329,924	11,387,380
Transfers	2,084,721	80,184	(2,084,721)	(80,184)		
Increase (decr.) in net assets	12,164,816	6,087,137	7,165,108	5,500,449	19,329,924	11,587,586
Net position - beginning	72,911,746	66,824,609	58,900,622	53,400,173	131,812,368	120,224,782
Restatement of net position	(184,293)		(300,000)		(484,293)	
Net position - ending	\$ 84,892,269	\$ 72,911,746	\$ 65,765,730	\$ 58,900,622	\$ 150,657,999	\$ 131,812,368

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Governmental activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$12,164,816. The increase is due mainly to strong residential growth, which helped fuel the increase in revenues related to property taxes, sales taxes, and charges for services, Also contributing to the increase in net position is the City's commitment to conservative budgeting in order to keep expenditures as low as possible despite the rapid growth.

Business-type activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$7,165,108. As of the end of the current fiscal year, all of the City's business-type funds reported positive net position.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$7,726,666. Of this total amount, 40% constitutes assigned and unassigned fund balances. \$2,303,926 is assigned by the administration of the City and will be used for the following: \$6,058 for storm water projects, \$280,237 for debt service, and \$2,017,631 for capital projects. \$2,959,323 is unassigned and is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,959,323, a decrease of \$111,565 from fiscal year 2016. The total balance is \$2,959,323, a decrease of \$111,565 from the prior year. A major reason for the change is a restatement of the fund balance which reduced fund balance by \$184,293 and an increase in the fund balance due to revenues from taxes increased. The City has implemented measures to reduce the expenditures, which contributed to the increase in fund balance. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 31% of total general governmental fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 31% of that same amount.

The City has two major Governmental Funds:

- 1. Special Improvement District 2000-1. The District was established originally to bond for certain infrastructure improvements in the north service area of the City. The repayment of the bonds is from annual assessments to the property owners within the district and from prepayments on the initial sale of a property. The fund balance of SID 2000-1 at the end of the fiscal year is \$608,687, an increase of \$354,263. The main reason for the increase in fund balance was additional impact fees received
- 2. General Capital Projects fund. The fund was created to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction major capital facilities within the City. At the end of fiscal year 2017 the fund balance is \$2,017,631 which is an increase of \$2,017,598. This increase is from operating transfers from the funds of the City in preparation for the construction of several projects.

The City maintains enterprise funds to account for the business-type activities of the City. The information is found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the combined enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to \$18,406,880. The net investment in capital assets in these same funds is \$43,226,694.

As mentioned in the financial highlights, operational revenues and expenditures in the enterprise funds increased by \$570,348 (42%) and \$412,840 (50%), respectively.

The water and sewer Funds showed a net operating profit, After non-operating revenues/expenses, contributions, and transfers are taken into account, the water, sewer, electric, and gas fund net position increased (or decreased) by \$6,622,373, \$3,781,655, \$(821,620), and \$(2,191,532) respectively. The major reasons for the increase in net position is an increase in impact fees collected and an increase in contributed capital from developers in the water and sewer funds. The decreases in the electric and gas funds are due to transfers to the capital projects fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the general fund's original budget was amended from an original budget expenditure total of \$9,534,471 to a final budget of \$10,216,658, an increase of \$682,187. The increase reflects higher than anticipated expenditures within the general government and the public works departments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Eagle Mountain City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounts to \$143,661,507 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress.

	Governmen	ital Activities	Busmess-ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land	\$ 6,469,999	\$ 6,469,999	\$ 3,690,765	\$ 3,690,764	\$ 10,160,764	\$ 10,160,763
Water Shares	-	-	3,237,532	5,073,787	3,237,532	5,073,787.0
Buildings	3,292,174	3,326,242	1,468,092	1,661,651	4,760,266	4,987,893
Improvements	3,260,849	1,464,852	-	-	3,260,849	1,464,852
Equipment	1,215,163	1,033,734	55,403,377	50,789,001	56,618,540	51,822,735
Infrastructure	60,747,306	54,945,344	-	-	60,747,306	54,945,344
Construction in progress	3,199,629	494,795	1,676,621	26,494	4,876,250	521,289
Total net assets	\$ 78,185,120	\$ 67,734,966	\$ 65,476,387	\$ 61,241,697	\$ 143,661,507	\$ 128,976,663

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the footnotes to this financial report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$22,971,000. Of this amount, \$1,230,000 is from special assessment bonds. The remaining \$21,741,000 is secured solely by specific revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds and sales tax revenue bonds).

	 Governmen	ıtal A	ctivities	Βι	siness-ty	pe Activ	vities	To	ta1	
	2017		2016	20	017	2	016	2017		2016
Special assessment bonds	\$ 1,230,000	\$	1,410,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,230,000	\$	1,410,000
Excise tax bonds	-		-		-		-	-		-
Capital Lease								-		-
Revenue bonds	-		-	21,7	741,000	22,	419,000	21,741,000		22,419,000
Total bonds	\$ 1,230,000	\$	1,410,000	\$ 21,7	741,000	\$ 22,	419,000	\$ 22,971,000	\$	23,829,000

During fiscal year 2017, the City's total outstanding debt decreased by a net amount of \$858,000.

As management of Eagle Mountain City, we offer the readers of the financial statements this narrative overview

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value. The current limitations for the City are \$39,192,030, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. In addition, state statutes allow for an additional 4% to be used for water, sewer, or other projects, thus resulting in a debt limit of 8% of total taxable value. Total limitation is \$76,144,061, which again exceeds the outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 in the Notes to this financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Eagle Mountain City issued 782 new building permits in fiscal year 2017. This reflects an increase of 212 building permits over the previous fiscal year. The City anticipates that this trend will continue in fiscal year 2018.
- Eagle Mountain City administration is very conservative in estimating budgeted revenues. In the general fund, budgeted revenues for fiscal year 2018 are 1% lower than the revenues collected for fiscal year 2017. This enables the city to respond to any potential market disruptions that could negatively impact revenue streams that the city depends on for services.
- No rate increases were budgeted for in fiscal year 2018, however, the city is actively engaged in analyzing, both internally and externally, revenues from rates and expenditures related to the services provided through those rates to determine future needs.
- With Eagle Mountain City's high desert location, the city entered into an agreement with the Central Utah Water Conservancy District to purchase 15,000 acre feet of water from fiscal year 2012 through fiscal year 2021. As of fiscal year 2017, the city has purchased 1,020 acre feet of water and the pump station and water line to transport the water to the city is fully functioning. The contract has been renegotiated with CUWCD to purchase additional water when new users come on to the system and have need for this specific water source.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Eagle Mountain City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Eagle Mountain City, Finance Director, 1650 East Stagecoach Run, Eagle Mountain, UT 84005.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Covermental Activities		Primary Government					
ASSETS S \$4,23,091 \$15,016,445 \$2,3439,536 Cash and cash equivalents 5,436,170 3,694,315 9,130,485 Investments 3 3,022,551 3,022,551 Accounts receivable 328,789 1,751,329 2,080,118 Customers (net of allowance) 328,789 1,751,329 2,754,89 Assessments receivable 1,591,763 - 1,591,763 Taxes receivable 1,983,179 - 1,983,179 Other - 702,908 702,908 Note Receivable - et of current portion (423,781) 423,781 - Oxte Receivable - et of current portion (423,781) 423,781 - Note Receivable - et of current portion (423,781) 423,781 - Note Receivable - et of current portion (423,781) 423,781 - Note Receivable - et of current portion (423,781) 423,781 - - Chaptal assets fore of accumulated depreciation: 1 1 402,908 - - - - -		Governmental					
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 8,423,091 \$ 15,016,445 \$ 23,439,536 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 3,464,6170 3,694,315 9,130,485 Investments - 3,022,551 3,022,551 Accounts receivable 328,789 1,751,329 2,080,118 Intergovernmental 275,489 1,751,329 2,080,118 Assessments receivable 1,591,763 - 1,751,763 Assessments receivable 1,591,763 - 1,983,179 Other - - 1,983,179 Other - 702,908 702,908 Note Receivable - net of current portion - - - Note Receivable - net of current portion - - - Note Receivable - net of current portion - - - Note Receivable - net of current portion - - - Note Receivable - net of current portion - - - Note Receivable - net of current portion - - - 1,005,000 - - <th></th> <th>Activities</th> <th>Activities</th> <th>Total</th>		Activities	Activities	Total			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 5,436,170 3,094,315 9,130,485 Investments 3,022,551 3,022,551 3,022,551 Accounts receivable 328,789 1,751,329 2,080,118 Intergovernmental 275,489 1,591,763 1,591,763 Assessments receivable 1,591,763 1,591,763 Taxes receivable 1,983,179 423,781 1,591,763 Tother - - 423,781 - 1,591,763 Not Receivable - et of current portion - 702,908 702,908 702,908 Prepaid bond insurance - net - - 702,908 702,908 Prepaid bond insurance - net - <td>ASSETS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ASSETS						
Investments				- / /			
Accounts receivable	Restricted cash and cash equivalents	5,436,170					
Customers (net of allowance) 328,789 1,751,329 2,080,118 Intergovernmental 275,489 - 275,489 Assessments receivable 1,591,763 - 1,591,763 Taxes receivable 1,983,179 - 1,983,179 Other - - - - Internal balances (423,781) 423,781 - Note Receivable - net of current portion - 702,908 702,908 Prepaid boan dinsurance - net - - - - Note Receivable - net of current portion - - 702,908 702,908 Prepaid boan dinsurance - net - - - - Net possible - </td <td>Investments</td> <td>-</td> <td>3,022,551</td> <td>3,022,551</td>	Investments	-	3,022,551	3,022,551			
Intergovernmental	Accounts receivable						
1,591,763 1,591,763 1,983,179 1,98	Customers (net of allowance)	328,789	1,751,329	2,080,118			
Taxes receivable	Intergovernmental	275,489	-	275,489			
Other (423,781) 423,781 ————————————————————————————————————	Assessments receivable	1,591,763	-	1,591,763			
Internal balances	Taxes receivable	1,983,179	-	1,983,179			
Note Receivable - net of current portion 702,908 702,908 Prepaid bond insurance - net - - Net pension asset - - Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): - - Land 6,469,999 3,690,765 10,160,764 Water Shares 3,221,74 1,468,092 4,760,266 Improvements 3,260,849 - 3,200,846 Inprovements 1,215,163 55,403,377 56,618,540 Infrustructure 60,747,306 - 60,747,306 Construction in progress 3,199,629 1,676,621 4,876,250 Total assets \$95,799,820 \$90,087,716 \$185,887,536 DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES Pension related costs \$728,191 \$152,821 \$810,054,055 Total Deferred outflow of resources \$728,191 \$1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits \$4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,622,869		-	-	-			
Prepaid bond insurance - net - - - Net pension asset from the pension in Section of Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): - - Land 6,469,99 3,690,765 10,160,764 Water Shares - 3,223,7532 3,237,532 Buildings 3,292,174 1,468,092 4,760,266 Improvements 3,260,849 - 3,260,849 Equipment and systems 1,215,163 55,403,377 56,618,540 Infrustructure 60,747,306 - 60,747,306 Construction in progress 3,199,629 1,676,621 4,876,250 Total assets \$95,799,820 \$9,087,716 \$185,887,536 DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES Pension related costs \$728,191 \$152,821 \$81,102 Bond refunding costs - 1,005,405 1,005,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 2,281,91 1,158,226 1,886,417 Bond refunding costs 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,408 44		(423,781)		-			
Net pension asset		-	702,908	702,908			
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land 6,469,999 3,690,765 10,160,764 Water Shares - 3,237,532 3,237,532 Buildings 3,292,174 1,468,092 4,760,266 Improvements 3,260,849 - 3,260,849 Equipment and systems 1,215,163 55,403,377 56,618,544 Infrustructure 60,747,306 - 60,747,306 Construction in progress 3,199,629 1,676,621 4,876,250 Total assets \$ 95,799,820 \$ 90,087,716 \$ 185,887,536 Construction in progress 3,199,629 1,676,621 4,876,250 Total assets \$ 728,191 \$ 152,821 \$ 881,012 Construction in progress \$ 728,191 \$ 152,821 \$ 881,012 Construction in progress \$ 728,191 \$ 152,821 \$ 881,012 Construction in progress \$ 728,191 \$ 1,695,405 \$ 1,005,405 Construction related costs \$ 4,41,20 \$ 4,228,602		-	-	-			
Land 6,469,999 3,690,765 10,160,764 Water Shares - 3,237,532 3,237,532 Buildings 3,292,174 1,468,092 4,760,266 Improvements 3,260,849 - 3,260,849 Equipment and systems 1,215,163 55,403,377 56,618,540 Infrustructure 60,747,306 - 6,0747,306 Construction in progress 3,199,629 1,676,621 4,876,250 Total assets \$95,799,820 \$90,887,106 \$185,887,536 Ension related costs \$728,191 \$152,821 \$810,05,405 Bond refunding costs - 1,005,405 \$1,005,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 \$810,05,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 4,520 4,228,602		-	-	-			
Water Shares 3,292,174 1,468,092 4,760,266 Improvements 3,260,849 - 3,260,849 Equipment and systems 1,215,163 55,403,377 56,618,540 Infrustructure 60,747,306 - 60,747,306 Construction in progress 3,199,629 1,676,621 4,876,250 Total assets \$95,799,820 \$90,087,716 \$185,887,536 DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES Pension related costs \$728,191 \$152,821 \$881,012 Bond refunding costs - 1,005,405 1,005,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 1,886,417 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearned revenue 480,316 480,316 480,316 Long-term liabilities 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753							
Buildings 3,292,174 1,468,092 4,760,266 Improvements 3,260,849 - 3,260,849 Equipment and systems 1,215,163 55,403,377 56,618,540 Infrustructure 60,747,306 - 60,747,306 Construction in progress 3,199,629 1,676,621 4,876,250 Total assets \$ 95,799,820 \$ 90,087,716 \$ 185,887,536 DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES Pension related costs \$ 728,191 \$ 152,821 \$ 881,012 Bond refunding costs - 1,005,405 1,005,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 1,886,417 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearmed revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529	Luna	6,469,999	3,690,765	10,160,764			
Improvements 3,260,849 - 3,260,849 Equipment and systems 1,215,163 55,403,377 56,618,540 Infrustructure 60,747,306 - 60,747,306 Construction in progress 3,199,629 1,676,621 4,876,250 Total assets \$ 95,799,820 \$ 90,087,716 \$ 185,887,536 DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES Pension related costs \$ 728,191 \$ 152,821 \$ 881,012 Bond refunding costs - 1,005,405 1,005,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 1,886,417 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Uneared revenue 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due in more than one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities	Water Shares	-	3,237,532	3,237,532			
Paper	Buildings	3,292,174	1,468,092	4,760,266			
Infrustructure		3,260,849	-	3,260,849			
Construction in progress Total assets 3,199,629 1,676,621 4,876,250 Both assets 95,799,820 90,087,716 \$ 185,887,536 DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES Pension related costs \$728,191 \$152,821 \$81,012 Bond refunding costs \$728,191 \$1,52,821 \$81,012 Total Deferred outflow of resources \$728,191 \$1,58,265 \$1,805,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources \$728,191 \$1,58,261 \$1,886,417 LAGE OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES Peposits \$2,471,275 \$1,691,594 \$4,162,869 Deposits \$4,184,082 \$44,520 \$4,228,602 Bond interest payable and accrued liabilities \$1,005,993 \$84,593 \$94,652 Unearmed revenue \$480,316 \$1,591,594 \$4,802 Unearmed revenue \$187,176 \$1,315,577 \$1,502,753 Due im more than one year \$2,696,908 \$22,258,621 \$24,955,529 Total liabilities \$40,486 \$85,307 \$491,793 Deferred property taxes levied f			55,403,377	56,618,540			
Total assets \$ 95,799,820 \$ 90,087,716 \$ 185,887,536 DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES Pension related costs \$ 728,191 \$ 152,821 \$ 881,012 Bond refunding costs - 1,005,405 1,005,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 1,886,417 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Uncarned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow	Infrustructure	60,747,306	-	60,747,306			
DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES Pension related costs \$ 728,191 \$ 152,821 \$ 881,012 Bond refunding costs - 1,005,405 1,005,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 1,886,417 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 <td c<="" td=""><td>Construction in progress</td><td>3,199,629</td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td>Construction in progress</td> <td>3,199,629</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Construction in progress	3,199,629				
Pension related costs \$ 728,191 \$ 152,821 \$ 881,012 Bond refunding costs - 1,005,405 1,005,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 1,886,417 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Uncarned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 NET POSITION 76,834,279 43,226,694	Total assets	\$ 95,799,820	\$ 90,087,716	\$ 185,887,536			
Bond refunding costs - 1,005,405 1,005,405 Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 1,886,417 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Rest	DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES						
Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 1,886,417 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 1 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - C Roads <t< td=""><td>Pension related costs</td><td>\$ 728,191</td><td>\$ 152,821</td><td>\$ 881,012</td></t<>	Pension related costs	\$ 728,191	\$ 152,821	\$ 881,012			
Total Deferred outflow of resources 728,191 1,158,226 1,886,417 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 1 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - C Roads <t< td=""><td>Bond refunding costs</td><td>-</td><td>1,005,405</td><td>1,005,405</td></t<>	Bond refunding costs	-	1,005,405	1,005,405			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,471,275 1,691,594 4,162,869 Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C - - - C Roads - - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686	Total Deferred outflow of resources	728,191					
Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - C Roads - - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340	LIABILITIES						
Deposits 4,184,082 44,520 4,228,602 Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - C Roads - - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,471,275	1,691,594	4,162,869			
Bond interest payable 10,059 84,593 94,652 Unearned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities - - 480,316 Due within one year 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due in more than one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - C Roads - - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340							
Unearned revenue 480,316 - 480,316 Long-term liabilities - 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due within one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - C Roads - - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340	1		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Long-term liabilities Due within one year 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due in more than one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720	± •		-				
Due within one year 187,176 1,315,577 1,502,753 Due in more than one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340		,-		/			
Due in more than one year 2,696,908 22,258,621 24,955,529 Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340		187,176	1,315,577	1,502,753			
Total liabilities 10,029,815 25,394,905 35,424,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340	•						
Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340							
Pension related costs 406,486 85,307 491,793 Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property taxes levied for future years 1,199,441 - 1,199,441 Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340		406.486	85.307	491.793			
Total Deferred inflow of resources 1,605,927 85,307 1,691,234 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340			85,307				
Net investment in capital assets 76,834,279 43,226,694 120,060,973 Restricted C Roads - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340	NET POSITION						
Restricted C Roads -		76.834.279	43,226.694	120.060.973			
C Roads - - - - Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340	1	. 0,00 .,279	,,	,000,7,7			
Impact fees 1,107,530 4,132,156 5,239,686 Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340		_	_	_			
Unrestricted 6,950,460 18,406,880 25,357,340		1.107.530	4,132,156	5.239.686			
<u> </u>	•						

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 Statement of Activities

		P	Program Revenues		Net (Exj	Net (Expense) Revenue & Changes	anges
			Operating	Capital		in Net Position	
T	Ĺ	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	F
runcuon/rrograms	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	I otal
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 3,075,688	\$ 1,095,343	- -	· •>	\$ (1,980,345)	· •	\$ (1,980,345)
Public safety	2,332,378	31,057	24,429	26,498	(2,250,394)	•	(2,250,394)
Public works	7,506,410	696,514	•	13,358,500	6,548,604	•	6,548,604
Community development	1,281,716	199,681	•	1	(1,082,035)	•	(1,082,035)
Planning	508,154	2,875,489	1	1	2,367,335	1	2,367,335
Interest on long-term debt	68,597	•	1	1	(68,597)	•	(68,597)
Total governmental activities	14,772,942	4,898,084	24,429	13,384,998	3,534,569	-	3,534,569
Business-type activities:							
Water	4,217,435	7,240,619	•	3,017,235	•	6,040,419	6,040,419
Sewer	4,004,069	4,673,637	1	3,232,970	•	3,902,538	3,902,538
Electric	61,235	•	•	•	•	(61,235)	(61,235)
Gas	61,731	55,550	•	•	•	(6,181)	(6,181)
Non major business-type	1,310,495	1,284,783	•	•	•	(25,712)	(25,712)
Total business-type activities	9,654,965	13,254,589		6,250,205	1	9,849,829	9,849,829
Total primary government	\$ 24,427,907	\$ 18,152,673	\$ 24,429	\$ 19,635,203	3,534,569	9,849,829	13,384,398
	General revenues:						
	Description 10 volumes.				1 277 000	9	1 277 000
						-	
	General sales and use tax	e tax			3,139,809	1	3,139,809
	Franchise taxes				1,224,569	•	1,224,569
	Interest earnings				204,058	•	204,058
	Transfers				2,684,721	(2,684,721)	1
	Total general revenues and transfers	nues and transfers			8,630,247	(2,684,721)	5,945,526
	Change in net Position	osition			12,164,816	7,165,108	19,329,924
	Net position- beginning	50			72,911,746	58,900,622	131,812,368
	Restatement of net position (see note 17)	sition (see note 17)			(184,293)	(300,000)	(484,293)
	Net position - ending				\$ 84,892,269	\$ 65,765,730	\$ 150,657,999

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

ASSETS	General Fund			General pital Projects	Debt Service 2000-1			Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,373,930	\$		\$		\$	651,211	\$	8,025,141	
Restricted cash	э	7,373,930	3	3,206,970	3	609,555	Э	1,619,645	Э	5,436,170	
Receivables (net):		-		3,200,970		009,333		1,019,043		3,430,170	
Accounts		284,482						44,307		328,789	
Taxes		1,983,179		-		-		44,307		1,983,179	
Intergovernmental		275,489		-		-		-		275,489	
Special assessments		273,469		-		464,282		1,127,481		1,591,763	
Other		-		-		404,202		1,127,401		1,391,703	
Total assets	\$	9,917,080	\$	3,206,970	\$	1,073,837	\$	3,442,644	\$	17,640,531	
Total assets	, p	9,917,080	.	3,200,970	Þ	1,075,657		3,442,044	.	17,040,331	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:	•	1 060 622				0.50	•	154 120	Φ.	2 422 077	
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	\$	1,068,632	\$	1,189,339	\$	868	\$	174,138	\$	2,432,977	
Deposits		4,184,082		-		-		-		4,184,082	
Unearned revenue		480,316		-		-		-		480,316	
Total liabilities		5,733,030		1,189,339		868		174,138		7,097,375	
Deferred inflows of Resources:											
Deferred property taxes levied for future years		1,199,441		_		_		_		1,199,441	
Deferred property taxes-delinquent		25,286		-		-		-		25,286	
Unavailable special improvement assessments		_		-		464,282		1,127,481		1,591,763	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,224,727		-		464,282		1,127,481		2,816,490	
Fund Balances:											
Fund balances Restricted for:											
Roads		_		_		_		_		_	
Impact fees		_		_		_		1,107,530		1,107,530	
Special assessments		_		_		608,687		747,200		1,355,887	
Assigned, for:						,		,		,,	
Storm water		_		_		_		6,058		6,058	
Debt service		_		_		_		280,237		280,237	
Capital projects		_		2,017,631		_		_		2,017,631	
Unassigned:		2,959,323		_		_		_		2,959,323	
Total fund balances		2,959,323		2,017,631		608,687		2,141,025		7,726,666	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		<i>/ /-</i>		,,				, , ,		.,,,.	
and fund balances	\$	9,917,080	\$	3,206,970	\$	1,073,837	\$	3,442,644	\$	17,640,531	

Balance Sheet Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental fund types:	\$ 7,726,666
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	78,185,120
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	1,617,049
Net pension assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	728,191
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and pension liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(2,894,142)
Deferred inflows of resources are not available financial	
resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	(406,483)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet	
management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	(64,132)
Net assets of government activities	\$ 84,892,269

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund	General Capital Projects	Debt Service 2000-1	Nonmajor Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 5,694,480	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,335	\$ 5,734,815
Special assessments	-	-	56,978	250,663	307,641
Licenses and permits	2,895,474	-	-	-	2,895,474
Intergovernmental	1,322,460	13,823	-	-	1,336,283
Charges for services	1,288,452	-	-	398,207	1,686,659
Impact fees	-	-	579,249	2,729,355	3,308,604
Miscellaneous	640,324	16,736	4,870	4,946	666,876
Total revenues	11,841,190	30,559	641,097	3,423,506	15,936,352
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	2,750,887	-	51,361	224,786	3,027,034
Public safety	2,332,378	-	-	-	2,332,378
Public works	3,115,775	-	235,473	1,448,620	4,799,868
Planning and zoning	487,486	-	-	-	487,486
Community development	1,171,572	-	-	46,216	1,217,788
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	180,000	180,000
Bond issuance costs	-		-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	70,618	70,618
Capital outlay		4,444,671			4,444,671
Total expenditures	9,858,098	4,444,671	286,834	1,970,240	16,559,843
Excess revenues over (under)					
expenditures	1,983,092	(4,414,112)	354,263	1,453,266	(623,491)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from asset disposals	-		-	-	-
Loss on grant noncompliance	-		-	-	-
Transfers in	91,023	6,431,710	-	5,000	6,527,733
Transfers out	(2,001,387)			(1,841,625)	(3,843,012)
Total other financing sources and uses	(1,910,364)	6,431,710		(1,836,625)	2,684,721
Net change in fund balance	72,728	2,017,598	354,263	(383,359)	2,061,230
Fund balances - beginning of year	3,070,888	33	254,424	2,524,384	5,849,729
Restatement of net position (see Note 17)	(184,293)				(184,293)
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 2,959,323	\$ 2,017,631	\$ 608,687	\$ 2,141,025	\$ 7,726,666

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,061,230
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	1,842,344
capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the editent period.	1,042,344
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net assets.	
- Current year capital contributions from developers and loss on transfer of assets	8,607,809
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(340,729)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in	201.402
the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	291,403
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of the fleet management to the individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal	
service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(215,811)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in as expenditures in the governmental funds	(81,430)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 12,164,816

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2017

			Business-Type Ac	ctivities - Enterprise			Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Electric	Gas	NonMajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,446,535	\$ 3,883,843	\$ 17,438	\$ 6,992,350	676,279	\$ 15,016,445	\$ 397,950
Accounts receivable - net	563,112	482,548	201,971	339,270	164,428	1,751,329	-
Due from other funds							
Total current assets	4,009,647	4,366,391	219,409	7,331,620	840,707	16,767,774	397,950
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	3,420,159	274,156	-	-	-	3,694,315	-
Investments	-	-	-	3,022,551	-	3,022,551	-
Note receivable (Net of Current Portion)	-	-	-	-	702,908	702,908	-
Net pension asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land, equipment, buildings and improv.	53,349,314	36,471,635	-	-	-	89,820,949	2,123,819
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(13,988,152)	(10,356,409)	-	-	-	(24,344,561)	(1,318,702)
Total noncurrent assets	42,781,321	26,389,382		3,022,551	702,908	72,896,162	805,117
Total assets	46,790,968	30,755,773	219,409	10,354,171	1,543,615	89,663,936	1,203,067
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURC	ES						
Bond refunding costs - net	432,324	573,081	-	-	-	1,005,405	
Pension related costs	82,171	65,144	-	-	5,506	152,821	25,414
Total deferred outflow of resources	514,495	638,225			5,506	1,158,226	25,414
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,100,990	471,557	-	246	118,802	1,691,595	38,299
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt interest payable	36,079	48,514	-	-	-	84,593	909
Current portion of long-term debt	856,827	458,750	-	-	-	1,315,577	113,056
Total current liabilities	1,993,896	978,821		246	118,802	3,091,765	152,264
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Deposits	44,520	-	-	-	-	44,520	-
Compensated absences	27,906	10,656	-	-	-	38,562	5,306
Net pension liability	150,843	119,586	-	-	10,108	280,537	46,653
Long-term debt (net of current portion)	8,334,084	13,605,438	-	-	-	21,939,522	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,557,353	13,735,680			10,108	22,303,141	51,959
Total liabilities	10,551,249	14,714,501		246	128,910	25,394,906	204,223
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>s</u>						
Pension related costs	45,869	36,364			3,074	85,307	14,187
Total deferred outflow of resources	45,869	36,364	-		3,074	85,307	14,187
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	30,602,575	12,624,119	-	-	-	43,226,694	692,061
Restricted - impact fees	2,357,101	1,775,055	-	-	-	4,132,156	-
Unrestricted	3,748,669	2,243,959	219,409	10,353,925	1,417,137	17,983,099	318,010
	\$ 36,708,345	\$ 16,643,133	\$ 219,409	\$ 10,353,925	1,417,137	\$ 65,341,949	\$ 1,010,071

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Busir	ness-Type Activitie	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	s				Govеn	Governmental
		t		:	ţ		Nonmajor	E		Activitie Internal	Activities Internal
	Water	Sewer		Electric	Gas	Ente	Enterprise Funds	Total		Servic	Service Fund
Operating revenues: Charges for services	•	↔	€	•	€	s	1,279,961	\$ 1,2	1,279,961	\$	865,867
Charges for services pledged as security on revenue bonds	3,802,599	3,655,264	,264	•			•	7,4	7,457,863		,
Other operating income	1,512		-	-			4,822		6,334		570
Total operating revenues	3,804,111	3,655,264	,264				1,284,783	8,7,	8,744,158		866,437
Operating expenses:	103 EO 3	7.76	626 236				250.07	ć	2112		345 000
Salaries and Wages	20/,684	90/	5/5,				550,67	, ·	954,112		222,345
Purchased services	1,290,881	1,744,821	,821	5,388	5,115		1,178,661	4,2	1,224,866		92,679
Supplies and materials	378,651	68	89,442				42,669	S	510,762		236,983
Depreciation and amortization	1,532,550	1,094,290	,290	•			1	2,6	2,626,840		283,339
Miscellaneous	35,320	45	45,835	55,847	56,616		13,518	2	207,136		3,253
Total operating expenses	3,745,086	3,341,761	,761	61,235	61,731		1,313,903	8,5	8,523,716		838,599
Operating income	59,025	313	313,503	(61,235)	(61,731)		(29,120)	2.	220,442		27,838
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):											
Interest revenue	1 984		1.248	•	55.550	_			58.782		
Gain on sale of capital assets	519.452	•	. '	,	1		,	· vc	519.452		
Developer reimbursements	(188.063)	872)	(278.985)				•	, 4	467.048)		
Bond refunding cost amortization	(28.822)	38	(38.205)	,			•	٠	(67.02.7)		
Loss on retirement and defeasance of bonds	(==0,0=)		(000)				•		(1-0110		
Bond issuance coefe											
Other Income	•		,	,			,				49.116
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(274,634)	(365	(365,141)	,			•	(9)	(639,775)		(3,425)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	716,62	189)	(881,083)		55,550	 -		(5)	(919,565)		45,691
Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers	88,942	(367	(367,580)	(61,235)	(6,181)		(29,120)	(3)	(375,174)		73,529
			Ī								
Capital contributions	2,497,783	3,232,970	970				•	5,7.	5,730,753		
Impact fees	3,434,524	1,017,125	,125	•			•	4,4	4,451,649		
Transfers in	630,091		,	•			224,908	òò	854,999		
Transfers out	(28,967)	(100	(100,860)	(760,385)	(2,185,351)	_	(464,157)	(3,5)	(3,539,720)		,
Total contributions and transfers	6,533,431	4,149,235	,235	(760,385)	(2,185,351)		(239,249)	7,4	7,497,681		
Change in net position	6,622,373	3,781,655	,655	(821,620)	(2,191,532)	ຄ	(268,369)	7,1	7,122,507		73,529
Total net position - beginning	30,385,972	12,861,478	,478	1,041,029	12,545,457		1,685,506				936,542
Restatement of net position (see Note 17)	(300,000)								,		
Total net position - ending	\$ 36,708,345	\$ 16,643,133	,133 \$	219,409	\$ 10,353,925	٠.	1,417,137		- 1	69	1,010,071
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities to enterprise funds	nal service fund activities to	enterprise funds							42,601		
Change in net position of business-type activities	tivities							\$ 7,10	7,165,108		

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Cash Flows From Operating Activities Sever				Bu	siness	-Type Activit	ies -	Enterprise Fund	ls				vernmental
Receip from customers S		Water		Sewer		Electric		Gas		,	7	Γotal BTAs	Internal
Popuments to interfind services (1,709,764) (1,738,672) (60,787) (61,515) (1,204,879) (4,837,617) (220,333) Popuments to irrefind services (30,129) (405,224)													
Payments to inferfinial enrivées Payments to ingerfinial enrivées Net cash provided (used) by operating activités Transfers in 165934 1000, 100		\$	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
Payments to comployees 1,00,000 1,00,0		(1,769,764)		(1,738,672)		(62,787)		(61,515)		(1,204,879)		(4,837,617)	(220,533)
No. cash provided (used) by operaling activities 1,489,469 1,514,307 123,931 44,123 1,900 3,173,730 334,314 Cash From Noncepital Financing Activities 165,934		(502 193)		(405 274)		-		-		(82 907)		(990 374)	(311 590)
Cash Flows From Noncapital provided (used) by noncapital provide		 (502,175)	_	(403,274)	_		_			(02,707)		(220,374)	 (311,370)
Parametre Para		 1,489,469		1,514,307		123,931		44,123		1,900	_	3,173,730	 334,314
Transfers in	Cash Flows From Noncapital												
Transfers out	Financing Activities												
Note cash provided (used) by nonexpital financing activities 136,967 100,860 760,385 12,185,351 72,000 12,837,629 1				-		-		-		72,000			-
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Filamening Activities Forgrangia and Cash flows From Capital and Related Filamening Activities Flamening Activitie		 (28,967)		(100,860)		(760,385)		(2,185,351)				(3,075,563)	
Payable Forgerones		126.067		(100.000)		(760.205)		(2.105.251)		72.000		(2.027.620)	
Payable Frogremes Payable Frogrames Payable Frogremes Payable Frogrames Payable Frogremes Payable Frogrames Payable Frogremes Payable Frogrames Payable Frogremes Paya	linancing activities	 136,967	_	(100,860)	_	(760,385)		(2,185,351)		/2,000		(2,837,629)	
Payable Forgiveness													
Purchases of capital assets 1,340,806 1,101,125 1,011,125													
Impact fees collected 3,434,524 1,107,125		-		-		-		-		-			
Proceeds from sale of assets				-		-		-		-			(420,058)
Proceeds from sale of assets		3,434,524		1,017,125		-		-		-		4,451,649	-
Payments for developer reimbursements		2 720 482		-		-		-		-		2 720 482	49 116
Principal paid on capital debt (30,099) (401,528) (30,099) (401,528)		, , .		(278 985)						_			49,110
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities						_		_		_			(110.916)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities 1,462,920 (83,588) 1,379,332 (486,181)						_		_		_			
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		 (0.02,000)		(101,020)								(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	 (1,0-0)
Interest and dividends received 1,984 1,248 . 55,550 . 58,782 		 1,462,920		(83,588)		_		-		_		1,379,332	 (486,181)
Interest and dividends received 1,984 1,248 . 55,550 . 58,782 													
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (achien) cash equivalents (achien) cash equivalents - beginning 3,775,354 2,826,892 653,892 12,100,579 602,379 19,959,066 549,817 Cash and cash equivalents (deficit) - ending \$6,866,694 \$4,157,999 \$17,438 \$10,014,901 \$676,279 \$2,1733,311 \$397,950 cash and cash provided (used) by operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating activities: Operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense 1,532,550 1,094,290 10,000 10,0		1.094		1 249				<i>EE EE</i> 0				50 702	
Cash and cash equivalents	interest and dividends received	 1,984		1,248			-	33,330				38,782	
Cash and cash equivalents	Net increase (decrease) in cash and												
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning 3,775,354 2,826,892 653,892 12,100,579 602,379 19,959,096 549,817		3 091 340		1 331 107		(636 454)		(2.085.678)		73 900		1 774 215	(151.867)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net each provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income to reconcile operating income to net each provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense 1,532,550 1,094,290 186,718 105,638 4,903 257,563 27,838 1,001,001,001,001,001,001,001,001,001,0													
Noncash investings		\$ 	\$		\$		\$, ,	\$		\$. / /	\$
Operating income	net cash provided (used) by operating												
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense 1,532,550 1,094,290 2,626,840 283,339 (Inc.)/decrease in accounts rec. (42,685) 2,989 186,718 105,638 4,903 257,563 - (Inc.)/decrease in due from other funds 19 22 2 2 43 6 (Inc.)/decrease in due from the pension asset 19 22 2 2 43 6 (Inc.)/decrease in due from the pension asset (19 21,601 2,176 16,651 (1,778) (Inc.)/decrease in deferred outflows (7,126) 21,601 2,176 16,651 (1,778) (Increase/(decr.) in accounts payable (85,042) 141,426 (1,552) 216 29,969 85,017 21,325 (Increase/(decr.) in due to other funds 3 (5,481) (5,481) - (1,481) (1,481) (1,486) (1,		\$ 59,025	\$	313,503	\$	(61,235)	\$	(61,731)	\$	(29,120)	\$	220,442	\$ 27,838
(Inc.)/decrease in accounts rec. (42,685) 2,989 186,718 105,638 4,903 257,563 - (Inc.)/decrease in due from other funds	Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by			,									
(Inc.)/decrease in due from other funds (Inc.)/decrease in due from met pension asset 19 22 2,176 16,651 (1,778) Increase/(decr.) in accounts payable (85,042) 141,426 (1,552) 216 29,969 85,017 21,325 Increase/(decr.) in due to other funds (5,481) (5,481) - (5,481) 1,654 Increase/(decr.) in ompensated absences 3,566 1,466 (549) 4,483 1,854 Increase/(decr.) in deferred inflows 10,478 (4,545) (57,891) (1,311) Increase/(decr.) in deferred inflows 10,478 (4,545) 5,933 3,041 Increase/(decr.) in deposits 20,130 5,933 3,041 Increase/(decr.) in deposits 11,430,444 1,200,804 185,166 105,854 31,020 2,953,288 306,476 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities						-		-		-			283,339
(Inc.)/decrease in due from net pension asset (Inc.)/decrease in deferred outflows (7,126) 21,601 2,176 16,651 (1,778) (1,		(42,685)		2,989		186,718		105,638		4,903		257,563	-
(Inc.)/decrease in deferred outflows (7,126) 21,601 2,176 16,651 (1,778) Increase/(decr.) in accounts payable (85,042) 141,426 (1,552) 216 29,969 85,017 21,325 Increase/(decr.) in due to other funds (5,481) (-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Increase/(decr.) in accounts payable (85,042) 141,426 (1,552) 216 29,969 85,017 21,325 Increase/(decr.) in due to other funds (5,481) (5,481) (5,481) (5,481) (5,481) (5,481) (5,481) (5,481) (5,481) (1,481) (5,481) (1,481) (5,481) (1,481						-		-					
Increase/(decr.) in due to other funds						(1.552)		216					
Increase/(decr.) in compensated absences 3,566 1,466 - - (549) 4,483 1,854 Increase/(decr.) in net pension liabilitiy (1,446) (56,445) - - - (57,891) (1,311) Increase/(decr.) in deferred inflows 10,478 (4,545) - - - - 5,933 3,041 Increase/(decr.) in deposits 20,130 - - - - 20,130 - Total adjustments 1,430,444 1,200,804 185,166 105,854 31,020 2,953,288 306,476 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 1,489,469 1,514,307 123,931 44,123 1,900 3,173,730 3,343,14 Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities		(85,042)		141,426		(1,552)		216					21,325
Increase/(decr.) in net pension liability (1,446) (56,445) - - - (57,891) (1,311) Increase/(decr.) in deferred inflows 10,478 (4,545) - - - 5,933 3,041 Increase/(decr.) in deposits 20,130 - - - - 20,130 - Total adjustments 1,430,444 1,200,804 185,166 105,854 31,020 2,953,288 306,476 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 1,489,469 1,514,307 123,931 44,123 1,900 3,173,730 3,343,144 Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities 1,489,469 1,514,307 1,514		3 566		1 466		-		-					1 854
Increase/(decr.) in deferred inflows						_		-		(349)			
Increase/(decr.) in deposits 20,130				(/		-		-		-			
Total adjustments 1,430,444 1,200,804 185,166 105,854 31,020 2,953,288 306,476 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 1,489,469 1,514,307 123,931 44,123 1,900 3,173,730 3,334,314 Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities				(4,545)		_		_		_			5,041
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 1,489,469 \$ 1,514,307 \$ 123,931 \$ 44,123 \$ 1,900 \$ 3,173,730 \$ 334,314 \$ Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities			_	1,200.804	_	185,166	_	105.854		31.020			 306.476
operating activities <u>\$ 1,489,469</u> <u>\$ 1,514,307</u> <u>\$ 123,931</u> <u>\$ 44,123</u> <u>\$ 1,900</u> <u>\$ 3,173,730</u> <u>\$ 334,314</u> Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities		 -,,	_	-,,	_	,		,		,-20		-,,,	
activities		\$ 1,489,469	\$	1,514,307	\$	123,931	\$	44,123	\$	1,900	\$	3,173,730	\$ 334,314
	Noncash investing, capital, and financing												
Contributions by developers \$ 2,497,783 \$ 3,232,970 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,730,753 \$ -													
	Contributions by developers	\$ 2,497,783	\$	3,232,970	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	5,730,753	\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Eagle Mountain (the City) financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) accepted in the United States of America as applicable to Governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

Eagle Mountain City was incorporated December 1996, under laws of the State of Utah. Under the present form of government, administrative and legislative powers are vested in a governing body consisting of the Mayor and a five-member City Council. They are assisted by a City Administrator, who also is the City's budget officer. The treasurer is currently responsible for the financial matters of the City, including money management, accounts payable, financial statements, utility billing, and accounts receivable. The City provides the following services as mandated by law: Public Safety, Highways and Streets, Sanitation, Parks, Water, Public Improvements, Planning and Zoning, and General Administrative Services.

The General Purpose Financial Statements of the City include the financial statements for all activities of the City based upon the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14. The primary criterion for including a board or agency in this report is financial accountability, which determines whether an entity is a component unit of the financial reporting entity. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations, and therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the City.

• The Redevelopment Agency of Eagle Mountain City is considered a blended component unit and is included in the governmental funds of the City. It was established to prepare and carry out plans to improve, rehabilitate and redevelop blighted areas within the City. The RDA is governed by a board of trustees composed of the Mayor and members of the City Council. Although it is a legally separate entity for the City, the RDA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the City's ability to impose its will upon the operations of the RDA. The RDA is included in these financial statements as the Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the RDA.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt. Expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments are also recorded, but only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and earned but unreimbursed state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The general capital projects fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary funds.)

The Special Improvement Districts Debt Service Fund, 2001-1 is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for repayment of debt obligations.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water fund accounts for the activities of the City's water operations.

The sewer fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewer operations.

The *electric fund* accounts for the activities of the City's electric operations.

The gas fund accounts for the activities of the City's gas operations.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *internal service fund* accounts for the fleet management services provided to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

As a general rule, the effect of inter fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments to the general fund by the various enterprise funds for providing administrative services for such funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City's temporary cash investments consist of amounts deposited with Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and money market funds. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

E. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has transactions between funds to distribute administrative costs and distribute grant proceeds. These transactions are generally reflected as operating transfers, which are transfers from a fund authorized to receive certain revenues to the fund through which the resources are to be expended. The General Fund billed the respective enterprise funds for administrative costs associated with billing and collection of utility charges. These changes are reflected as revenues and expenses in the respective funds.

F. Restricted Assets

The City maintains cash balances as required by bond covenants. These amounts are reflected in the financial statements as restricted cash. It is the City's policy to use restricted assets first and then unrestricted assets.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and structures	30-50
Improvements other than buildings	20-50
Infrastructure	30-50
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Furniture and fixtures	5-10

H. Compensated Absences

City employees accrue earned vacation, sick leave, long-term sick leave, and comp time throughout the year. They are allowed to carry forward all accrued comp, long term sick leave, and up to 240 hours of vacation time into the next calendar year, but are encouraged to take their vacation leave within the calendar year in which it is earned. Upon termination of employment, an employee will be compensated for up to 240 hours of unused vacation leave, comp time, and long-term sick leave, but will forfeit any accumulated sick leave.

Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. Vacation pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

I. Taxes

In Utah, county governments assess, levy, collect, and disburse two principal types of tax: (1) personal property tax, which is assessed on business assets other than real estate, and (2) tax on real estate and improvements. Business personal property and real estate taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on all business personal property on January 1, and real estate and improvement taxes are levied on January 1 and are payable by November 30. The real property taxes, which are due in November, are reported as a receivable from property taxes on the financial statements. Because these taxes are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, they are offset by deferred revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City Council is authorized by state statute to levy a tax against all real and personal property located within its boundaries. The Council must set a tax rate by June 22 each year.

The County Treasurer, acting as a tax collector, must settle and disburse all tax collections to all taxing entities on a routine basis.

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the accrual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Interest expense is not included in the functions of governmental activities.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems Pension Plan (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

Beginning with 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. These Statements provide financial reporting guidance to standardize the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. They also establish accounting standards

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

and financial reporting standards that reclassify certain items as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources that were previously reported as assets and liabilities, and recognizes certain items as outflows of resources or inflows of resources that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items, bond refunding costs and pension related costs, that are reported on the statement of net position as a deferred outflow.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items, one of which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and pension related costs. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The item, *revenue for future year*, is reported in both the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts account for property taxes levied on January 1, 2016, for the 2017 fiscal year.

M. Fund Equity

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on a hierarchy that shows, from highest to lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance resources and the extent to which the City is bound to honor them. The City first determines and reports non-spendable balances, then restricted, then committed, and so forth. The City's governmental funds beginning balances have been restated to reflect the below classifications. Fund balance classifications are summarized as follows:

- Non spendable. This category includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Fund balance amounts related to inventories, prepaid expenditures, and endowments are classified as non spendable.
- **Restricted.** This category includes net fund resources that are subject to external constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources either a) imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted fund balance amounts include the following:

- a) Unspent B&C road funds.
- b) Unspent Impact fees.
- c) Special Assessments.
- Committed. This category includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes established by formal action of the City Council. Fund balance commitments can only be removed or changed by the same type of resolution of the City Council. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City Council has not committed any fund balance amounts.
- Assigned. This category includes Governmental Fund balance amounts that the City intends to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is expressed by formal action of the City's administration comprised of the City administrative council. This category also includes the remaining positive fund balance for other governmental funds. The City has assigned debt service requirement, storm drain charges and capital projects.
- Unassigned. Residual balances in the Governmental Funds are classified as unassigned.

It is the City's policy to use restricted, committed, assigned, and then unassigned fund balance.

N. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

Presenting financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make certain estimates concerning assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results may vary from these estimates.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net assets – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

1. Capital related items:

When capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of these assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the city as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$110,636,178
Accumulated depreciation	(32,451,058)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance	
total governmental funds to arrive at net-	
assets - governmental activities)	<u>\$78,185,120</u>

2. Long-term assets:

Long-term assets applicable to the City's governmental activities are not available to pay for expenditures of the current period and are, therefore, deferred in the governmental balance sheet.

Special assessment revenue	\$1,610,396
Delinquent property taxes	6,653
Net adjustment to increase <i>fund balance</i> –	
total governmental funds to arrive at net	
assets - governmental activities	<u>\$1,617,049</u>

3. Long-term debt transactions:

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the fund statements. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Bonds payable	(\$1,230,000)
Capital lease payable	(113,057)
Bond interest payable	(10,059)
Bond premium	(7,784)
Net Pension Liability	(1,336,750)
Compensated absences	(196,492)

Net adjustment to reduce *fund balance* – total governmental funds to arrive at net postition – governmental activities (\$2,894,142)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense."

Capital outlay \$ 5,088,694

Depreciation expense (3,246,350)

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund

balances – total governmental funds to arrive at

changes in net assets of governmental activities (\$ 1,842,344)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Principal payments:

Amortization of bond premiums \$ 487 Principal paid on bonds and capital leases 290,916

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund

balances – total governmental funds to arrive

Another element of that reconciliation states that certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Accrued bond interest	\$ 2,021
Pension related costs	(63,400)
Compensated absences	(20,051)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balances – total governmental funds to arrive	
at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (81,430)

NOTE 3 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted in accordance with the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act adopted by the State of Utah. Once a budget has been adopted, it remains in effect until it has been formally revised. Furthermore, in accordance with state law, all appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year. If any obligations are contracted for and are in excess of adopted budget, they are not a valid or enforceable claim against the City. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All funds of the City have legally adopted budgets.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 3 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The City adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. On or before the first regularly scheduled meeting of the City Council in May, the City Administrator, authorized under state statute to be appointed budget officer, submits a proposed operating budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. A public hearing is held, at which time the taxpayers' comments are heard. Notice of the hearing is given in the local newspaper at least seven days prior to the hearing. Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection ten days prior to the public hearing.
- C. On or before June 22, a final balanced budget must be adopted through passage of a resolution for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1.
- D. Control of budgeted expenditures is exercised, under state law, at the departmental level. The City Administrator, however, acting as budget officer, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between line items within any department of any budgetary fund. The City Council, by resolution, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between the individual departments of any budgetary fund.
- E. Budget appropriations for any department may be reduced by resolution.
- F. A public hearing, as required in (B) above, must be held to increase the total appropriations of any one governmental fund type; however, after the original public hearing, operating and capital budgets of proprietary fund types may be increased by resolution without an additional hearing.
- G. Encumbrances lapse at year end. Encumbered amounts carry over to the following year and are subject to reappropriation. Therefore, no encumbrances are presented in the financial statements.

During the budget year, the City modified the budget using the above procedures.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 – CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. At June 30, 2017 the City's cash balance consisted of the following:

	Al	l Fund Types
Cash, cash equivalents, and temporary cash investments	\$	23,577,536
Cash, and cash equivalents - restricted		8,992,485
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,570,021

While the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$36,891,892 the balance in the City's bank account and cash on hand was \$32,570,021, with the difference being due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit.

A. Deposits

<u>Deposits – Custodial Credit Risk.</u> Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act in handling its depository and investing transactions. The City considers the actions of the State Money Management Council to be necessary and sufficient for adequate protection of its uninsured bank deposits. City funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Act. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, the City's custodial credit risk, for deposits were as follows:

Depository Account	Custodial Credit Risk	Balance June 30, 2017
Checking and savings Checking and savings Investment sweep	Insured and collateralized Uninsured and uncollateralized Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 250,000 1,951,171 12,565,977
Total deposits		\$ 14,767,148

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 – CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments for the District and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Statutes authorize the District to invest in negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investor Services or Standard and Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including bills, notes, and bonds; bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. All investments held by the City at June 30, 2017, comply with the provisions of the Act.

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF). The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Section 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act established the Money Management Council, which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments. The PTIF is considered a cash equivalent for the purposes of the financial statements.

Deposits in the PT1F are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses (net of administration fees of the PTIF) are allocated based upon the participant's average daily balance. The fair value of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 – CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value of Investments

The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs

At June 30, 2017, the District had the following recurring fair value measurements.

			Fair Va	lue M	easurements Us	sing	
Investments	Fair Value	Le	vel 1		Level 2	Leve	13
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 19,090,634	\$	-	\$	19,090,634	\$	-
Morten Asset Management Account	3,034,110	3,0	34,110				
Total Investments	\$ 22,124,744	\$ 3,0	34,110	\$	19,090,634	\$	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 – CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City's investments are managed through participation in the State Public Treasurers' Investment Fund and through a trust arrangement with a local bank, and a liquid asset management account. As of June 30, 2017, the City had the following investments:

	_	Investment Maturities (in Years)											
Investments	_	Less Than 1	1-5	6-	10	More than							
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$	19,090,634	\$ 19,090,634	\$	-	\$	-						
Morten Asset Management Account		3,034,110	3,034,110		-		-						
Total investments	\$	22,124,744	\$ 22,124,744	\$	-	\$	-						

<u>Investments – Interest Rate Risk.</u> The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, interest rate risk is managed by compliance with the Utah Money Management Act, which provides guidance for handling depository and investing transactions in order to minimize interest rate risk.

Investments – Credit Risk. The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act in handling its depository and investing transactions. The City funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Act. The Act also authorizes the City to invest in the Utah Public Treasurers Investment Fund (PTIF), certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, restricted mutual funds, and obligations of governmental entities within the State of Utah. The City's investments are invested in accordance with the Act. The State Money Management Council provides regulatory oversight for the investments. The degree of risk of the investments depends on the underlying portfolio. The Act and Council rules govern the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of a depository shall remain in effect. If a qualified depository should become ineligible to hold public funds, public treasurers are notified immediately. The City considers the actions of the Council to be necessary and sufficient for adequate protection of its investments. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 – CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The PTIF operates and reports to participants on a amortized cost basis. The income gains, and losses (net of administration fees) of the PTIF are allocated based on the participant's average daily balance. The fair value of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares with a difference of \$86,887, which is immaterial.

			Qualit	y Ratings	S	
	Fair		More than	_		
Investments	Value	AAA	AA		A	Unrated
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$19,090,634	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$ 19,090,634
Morten Asset Management Account	3,034,110	3,034,110		-		
Total investments	\$22,124,744	\$ 3,034,110	\$	-	\$	\$ 19,090,634

<u>Investments Custodial Credit Risk</u>. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment arrangements primarily invest in the Utah Public Treasurers Investment fund and agencies or in instrumentalities of the United States that meet the allowable investments of the Utah Money Management Act. The City does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	SID												Vonmajor	1	Non major						
	General		2001-1	Water		Water		Water		Vater Sewer		Sewer Electric Gas		Electric		Gas		interprise	Govt'l		Total
Receivables:																					
Accounts	\$ 425,667	\$	-	\$	678,323	\$	623,363	\$	439,161	\$	577,526	\$	204,547	\$	50,116	\$ 2,998,703					
Taxes	1,983,179		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	1,983,179					
Special																-					
Assessments	-		464,282		-		-		-		-		-		1,127,481	1,591,763					
Intergovernmental	275,489		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	275,489					
Less: allowance																-					
for uncollectible																-					
accounts	(141,185)	_	_	_	(115,211)		(140,815)	_	(237,190)		(238,256)	_	(40,119)		(5,809)	(918,585)					
	\$ 2,543,150	\$	464,282	\$	563,112	\$	482,548	\$	201,971	\$	339,270	\$	164,428	\$	1,171,788	\$ 5,930,549					

NOTE 6 – NOTE RECEIVABLE

During the fiscal year 2012 the City sold the golf course to an outside party for \$550,000. The purchase was financed with a note receivable to the City of \$550,000. The note has no interest rate. The outside party will pay the City 10% of its net income annually until the debt is repaid. The Note is treated as long term on the financial statements. During fiscal year 2017 the City negotiated with the Golf course to amend the original contract to include unpaid utility fees owed to the City in the amount of \$152,908. As of June 30, 2017 the outstanding note balance was \$702,908.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND TRANSFERS

The operating transfers of the City consist of the following:

Transfer In:	Ger	neral	pital jects	SID 2000-1		Nonmajor Govrnmtl.		Business Type		Internal Service		 Total	
General SID 2000-1	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	91,023	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 91,023	
Nonmajor govtl. Capital projects Internal Service	1,84	5,000 46,435 -	-		-	1	- 1,750,000 -	2,8	- 335,275 -		-	5,000 6,431,710	
Business type Total transfer out		49,952 01,387	\$ 	\$		\$ 1	,841,625		704,445 539,720	\$		\$ 854,999 7,382,732	

The City transferred monies to support capital project payments in the capital projects fund. The City also transferred monies to support operations in the economic development fund.

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
Property taxes receivable (general fund)	\$ 1,199,441	\$ 1,199,441
Property tax delinquent	25,286	
Special assessments (special revenue fund)	1,591,763	
Total	<u>\$2,816,490</u>	\$ 1,199,441

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government Governmental activities:		Beginning Balance		Increases	т	ransfers	г	Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:		Balance		Increases	1	ransiers		Decreases		Balance
Land	\$	6,469,999	\$		\$		\$		\$	6,469,999
Construction in progress	φ	494,795	φ	2,713,234	φ	(8,400)	φ	_	φ	3,199,629
Total capital assets not being depreciated		6,964,794		2,713,234		(8,400)		0		9,669,628
Total cupital assets not being depreciated		0,704,774	_	2,713,234		(0,400)				7,007,020
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings		4,194,577		80,631		-		-		4,275,208
Improvements		1,592,649		1,857,921		8,400		-		3,458,970
Machinery and equipment		3,242,873		576,465		-		185,842		3,633,496
Infrastructure		81,130,624		8,468,252		-		-		89,598,876
Total capital assets being depreciated		90,160,723		10,983,269		8,400		185,842		100,966,550
			-							
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		868,334		114,700		-		-		983,034
Improvements		127,797		70,324		-		-		198,121
Machinery and equipment		2,209,139		395,036		-		185,842		2,418,333
Infrastructure		26,185,280		2,666,290				-		28,851,570
Total accumulated depreciation		29,390,550		3,246,350		0		185,842		32,451,058
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		60,770,173		7,736,919		8,400		0		68,515,492
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	67,734,967	\$	10,450,153	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78,185,120
	Т) acinnina								Ending
Business-type activities:		Beginning Balance		Increases	т	ransfers	г	Decreases		Balance
**		Dalalice		Ilicieases	1	Tansiers		Decreases		Dalance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	\$	26.404	\$	1 676 601	¢	(26.404)	¢		¢	1 676 601
Construction in progress	Þ	26,494	Þ	1,676,621	\$	(26,494)	\$	-	\$	1,676,621
Land		3,690,765		272 775		-		2 210 020		3,690,765
Water shares		5,073,787	_	373,775		(2(404)		2,210,030		3,237,532
Total capital assets not being depreciated		8,791,046	_	2,050,396		(26,494)		2,210,030		8,604,918
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings		2,824,595		_		_		_		2,824,595
Equipment and systems		71,343,778		7,021,162		26,494		_		78,391,435
Total capital assets being depreciated		74,168,373		7,021,162		26,494				81,216,030
Town suprim uses a string aspessmen		7 1,100,070		7,021,102		20,151				01,210,000
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		1,162,944		193,559		-		-		1,356,503
Equipment and Systems		20,554,777		2,433,281						22,988,058
Total accumulated depreciation		21,717,721		2,626,840						24,344,561
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		52,450,652		4,394,322		26,494		-		56,871,469
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	61,241,698	\$	6,444,718	\$	-	\$	2,210,030	\$	65,476,387

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Governmental activities: General government \$ 86,331 Public safety Public works 3,114,627 Planning 567 Community development 44,825 Total depreciation expense - governmental activities 3,246,350 Business-type activities:

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Water \$ 1,392,861 Sewer 1,041,074 Golf course 20,006 Total depreciation expense - business-type activities 2,453,941

Total depreciation expense \$ 5,700,291

The City has various construction projects as of June 30, 2017. The City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Park projects	\$ 1,956,000
Road projects	3,012,000
Cemetery projects	70,000
Water projects	 407,000
Total	\$ 5,445,000

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 9 – LEASE COMMITMENTS

During 2014, the City executed a new lease in the internal service fund in the amount of \$544,278, payable in annual installments for 4 years.

Assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 Activities
Asset:	 _
Machinery and equipment	\$ 544,278
Less: Accumulated amortization	(435,422)
Total	\$ 108,856

Amortization of capital assets purchased under capital leases are included in depreciation.

The future payments required by the lease are as follows:

	Governmental				
Fiscal Year		Amount			
2018	\$	115,239			
Total minimum lease payments		115,239			
Less amounts representing interest		(2,182)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	113,057			

As of June 30, 2017 the lease payable consisted of the following:

	To	tal Capital
	Lea	ses Payable
	A11	Fund Types
Capital leases payable	\$	113,057
Current portion capital lease payable		(113,057)
Long-term capital leases payable	\$	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2017, are comprised of the following:

1. \$2,400,000 Eagle Mountain City Special Assessment Bond 2014 (SAA-2014)

This bond requires semiannual payments of interest and annual payments of principal due November 1, 2014 through May 1, 2033, bearing a variable interest rate ranging from 2-5% the debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		 Total
2018	\$	55,000	\$	56,118	\$ 111,118
2019		55,000		54,468	109,468
2020		60,000		52,818	112,818
2021		65,000		61,018	126,018
2022		60,000		48,906	108,906
2023-2027		360,000		202,292	562,292
2028-2032		465,000		99,462	564,462
2033		110,000		5,500	 115,500
Total	\$	1,230,000	\$	580,582	\$ 1,810,582

2. \$16,500,000 Eagle Mountain Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds Series 2007

This bond was used to refund the original Water and Sewer Bond. This bond requires annual installments of principal and interest due beginning November 2008 through November 2026, bearing an interest ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%. During 2015 the bond was partially defeased through an advanced refunding, \$9,705,000 of the principal was defeased and the remaining \$4,855,000 will require annual installments of principal and interest due beginning November 2015 through November 2026. The debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		 Total
2018	\$	375,000	\$	192,725	\$ 567,725
2019		400,000		172,350	572,350
2020		420,000		152,850	572,850
2021		430,000		131,600	561,600
2022		460,000		109,350	569,350
2023-2027		2,060,000		201,638	 2,261,638
Total	\$	4,145,000	\$	960,513	\$ 5,105,513

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

3. \$6,665,000 Eagle Mountain City Sewer Water Quality Board Bond Series 2008.

This bond was issued for the construction of a waste water treatment plant expansion. This bond requires annual payments of interest and principal beginning December 2009 through December 2028, bearing an interest rate of 1%. The bond is a reimbursement bond. The total amount of the bond is \$6,665,000. The debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Principal Interest		Total	
2018	\$	245,000	\$	56,800	\$	301,800
2019		275,000		54,350		329,350
2020		310,000		51,600		361,600
2021		340,000		48,500		388,500
2022		375,000		43,225		418,225
2023-2027		2,325,000		151,675		2,476,675
2028-2031		1,810,000		28,050		1,838,050
Total	\$	5,680,000	\$	434,200	\$	6,114,200

4. \$11,085,000 Eagle Mountain City Gas & Electric Revenue Bond Series 2012.

This bond was issued for the construction of a utilities building and redundancy lines within the City. During 2015 the bond was defeased through an advanced refunding. The City used a portion of the proceeds from the sale of the Utility System to advance refund \$9,195,000 of outstanding 2012 series Gas and Electric revenue-bonds. As of June 30, 2017, \$7,735,000 of the original debt is still outstanding.

5. \$2,536,000 Eagle Mountain City Water Quality Revenue Bond Series 2013

This bond was issued for water system improvements within the City. The bond requires annual principal beginning May 2015, and interest payments beginning May 2014 through May 2034, bearing an interest rate of 1.72%. The debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	 Total
2018	\$ 105,000	\$	38,373	\$ 143,373
2019	107,000		36,567	143,567
2020	109,000		34,727	143,727
2021	111,000		32,852	143,852
2022	113,000		30,942	143,942
2023-2027	652,000		123,478	775,478
2028-2032	726,000		64,380	790,380
2033-2034	 308,000		7,965	 315,965
Total	\$ 2,231,000	\$	369,284	\$ 2,600,284

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

6. \$4,560,000 Note Payable Water Well.

The note was issued with a settlement of a lawsuit regarding the purchase of a well within the City. The note carries no interest rate. The note requires annual principal payments with a set amortization for 2014 and 2015. The note will then be repaid with impact fees as they are collected by the City.

Fiscal Year	F	Principal		rest	Total		
2018	\$	590,577	\$	_	\$	590,577	
Total	\$	590,577	\$	-	\$	590,577	

7. \$9,685,000 2014 Water and Sewer Refunding Bond.

This bond was used to refund a portion of the original Water and Sewer Bonds. This bond requires annual installments of principal beginning November 2021 and interest due beginning November 2015 through November 2032, bearing an interest ranging from 4.00%. The debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest	Total	
2018	\$ -	\$	379,150	\$	379,150
2019	-		379,150		379,150
2020	-		379,150		379,150
2021	120,000		377,650		497,650
2022	185,000		373,375		558,375
2023-2027	1,890,000		1,737,550		3,627,550
2028-2032	 7,490,000		867,200		8,357,200
Total	\$ 9,685,000	\$	4,493,225	\$1	4,178,225

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

8. Changes in long term liabilities.

Changes in bonds payable, deferred items, capital leases, and compensated absences during the fiscal year June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	July 1 2016	Additions	Reductions	June 30 2017	Due in One Yr
Bonds Payable Special assessment bond 2006 200-1	\$ 1,410,000	\$ -	\$ 180,000	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 55,000
Unamortized bond premium Total bonds payable	8,271 1,418,271	-	487 180,487	7,784 1,237,784	55,000
Leases payable	223,973		110,916	113,057	113,057
Net pension liability	1,286,897	49,853	107.000	1,336,750	10.110
Compensated absences Gov't activities long-term debt	\$ 3,109,034	124,507 \$ 174,360	\$ 399,311	196,492 \$ 2,884,083	19,119 \$ 187,176
Gov t activities long-term deot	\$ 3,109,034	\$ 174,300	\$ 399,311	\$ 2,004,003	\$ 187,176
Business-Type Activities: Bonds payable:					
2008 water and sewer refunding bond Unamortized bond premium	\$ 4,505,000 -	\$ - -	\$ 360,000	\$ 4,145,000	\$ 375,000
2009 sewer revenue bond	5,895,000	_	215,000	5,680,000	245,000
2011 Electric and gas revenue bond		_	_	_	-
Unamortized bond premium	-	-	-	-	-
2013 Water quality revenue bond	2,334,000	-	103,000	2,231,000	105,000
2013 Gas and electric refunding bond	-	_	_	-	-
2014 Water and sewer refunding bond	9,685,000	-	-	9,685,000	-
Unamortized bond premium	985,090		61,568	923,522	
Total bonds payable	23,404,090	-	739,568	22,664,522	725,000
Notes Payable	1,202,897	-	612,320	590,577	590,577
Net pension liability	343,909	-	63,372	280,537	-
Compensated absences	33,530	24,571	19,539	38,562	-
Business type long-term debt	\$ 24,984,426	\$ 24,571	\$ 1,434,799	\$ 23,574,198	\$ 1,315,577

NOTE 11 – STATE RETIREMENT PLANS

Description of plans – Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems. The Utah Retirements Systems are comprised of the following pension trust funds:

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System); is a multiple employer, cost sharing, public employee retirement system.
- Tier 2 Public Employees contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System); is a multiple employer, cost sharing, public employee retirement system.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 – STATE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

• The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the Utah Retirement Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

The Utah Retirement System (URS) is established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The URS's defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the Systems under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. They URS are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms. URS issues a publicly available financial report which can be obtained by writing Utah Retirement Systems, 560 E. 200 S, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org

Benefits Provided – URS Provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

	Final average Years of service required and/or		Benefit percent per year of		
System	salary	age eligible for benefit	service	COLA**	
Noncontributory System	Highest 3 years	30 years any age	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%	
		25 years any age*			
		20 years age 60*			
		10 years age 62*			
		4 years age 65			
Firefighters System	Highest 3 years	20 years any age	2.5% per year to to 20 years;	Up to 4%	
		10 years age 60	2.0% per year over 20 years		
		4 years age 65			
Tier 2 Public Employees System	Highest 5 years	35 years any age	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%	
		20 years age 60*			
		10 years age 62*			
		4 years age 65			
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	Highest 5 years	25 years any age*	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%	
		20 years age 60*			
		10 years age 62*			
		4 years age 65			

^{*}with actuarial reductions

^{**}all post-retirement cost of living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 – STATE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Contributions – As a condition of participation in the plans, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the URS Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates are as follows:

	Employer					
	Employee Paid	Paid by Employer for Employee	Contribution Rates	Employer rate for 401(k) Plan		
Contributory System	Zimprojec Paro	ioi zimpioyee	Tunes	401(E) 1 Hai		
111 - Local Governmental Division Tier 2	N/A	N/A	16.670%	1.780%		
Noncontributory						
15 - Local Governmental Division Tier 1	N/A	N/A	18.470%	N/A		
Tier 20 DC Only						
211 Local Government	N/A	N/A	6.690%	10.000%		

Tier 2 rates include a statutory required contribution to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the employer and employee contributions to the System were as follows:

	E	mployer	1	Employee
System	Contributions		Co	ontributions
Noncontributory System	\$	355,432		N/A
Tier 2 Public Employee System		138,865		-
Tier 2 DC Only System		9,203		N/A
	\$	503,500	\$	-

Contributions reported are the URS Board approved required contributions by the System. Contributions in the Tier 2 Systems are used to finance the unfunded liabilities of the Tier 1 Systems.

Pension assets, liabilities, expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions – At June 30, 2017 the City reported a net pension assets of \$0 and a net pension liability of \$1,617,287.

	(Measurement Date): December 31, 2016					
		Pension	Net Pension	Proportionate	Proportionate Share	Change
	<i>E</i>	Asset	Liability	Share	December 31, 2015	(Decrease)
Noncontributory System	\$	-	\$ 1,606,251	0.2514720%	0.2882055%	-0.0380583%
Tier 2 Public Employees System			11,036	0.0989357%	0.0035549%	0.0035549%
Total Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$	-	\$ 1,606,251			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 – STATE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The net pension asset and liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability were determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability is equal to the ratio of the employer's actual contributions to the System during the plan year over the total of all employer contributions to the System during the plan year.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$525,535. At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans from the following sources:

	Ι	Deferred		
	Outflows of Resources		Defe	rred Inflows
			of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	34,890	\$	52,865
Changes in assumptions		224,099		53,285
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on the pension plan investments		361,144		107,153
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate shares of contributions		7,953		278,491
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		252,927		
Total	\$	881,013	\$	491,794

The \$252,927 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions made prior to the fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2016. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Deferred Outflows		
December 31,	(Inflows) of Resources		
2016	30,108		
2017	31,500		
2018	84,904		
2019	(13,914)		
2020	309		
Thereafter	3,386		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 – STATE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 percent

Salary increases 3.35-10.35 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.2 percent, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Active member mortality rates are a function of the member's gender, occupation, and age and are developed based upon plan experience. Retiree mortality assumptions are highlighted in the table below.

Retired Member Mortality

Class of Member

Educators

Men EDUM (90%) Women EDUF (100%)

Public Safety and Firefighteers

Men RP 2000mWC (100%)

Women EDUF (120%)

Local Government, Public Employees

Men RP 2000mWC (100%)

Women EDUF (120%)

EDUM = Constructed mortality table based on actual experience of male educators multiplied by given pergentage

EDUF = Constructed mortality table based on actual experience of female educators multiplied by given percentage

RP 2000mWC = RP 2000 Combined mortality table for males with white collar adjustments multiplied by given percentage

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year period of January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 – STATE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	Expected Return Arithmetic Basis					
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return			
Equity securities	40%	7.06%	2.82%			
Debt securities	20%	0.80%	0.16%			
Real assets	13%	5.10%	0.66%			
Private equity	9%	11.30%	1.02%			
Absolute return	18%	3.15%	0.57%			
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	0.00%	0.00%			
Totals	100%		5.23%			
	Inflation		2.75%			
	Expected arithmetic no	ominal return	7.98%			

The 7.20% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.60% and a real return of 4.60% that is net of investment expense.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. The discount rate was reduced to 7.20 percent from 7.50 percent from the prior measurement period.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.20%)		Di	Discount Rate (7.20%)		6 Increase (8.20%)
Proportion Share of						
Noncontributory Systems	\$	3,327,091	\$	1,606,251	\$	170,305
Tier 2 Public Employees System		75,120		11,036		(37,715)
Total	\$	3,402,211	\$	1,617,287	\$	132,590

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 – STATE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Defined Contribution Savings Plans

The Defined Contribution Savings Plans are administered by the Utah Retirement Systems Board and are generally supplemental plans to the basic retirement benefits of the Retirement Systems, but they may also be used as a primary retirement plan. These plans are voluntary tax advantaged retirement savings programs authorized under sections 401(k) and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code. Detailed information regarding plan provisions is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Eagle Mountain City participates in the following Defined Contribution Savings plans with the Utah Retirement Systems:

- 401(k) Plan
- 457(b) Plan
- Roth IRA plan

Employee and employer contributions to the Utah Retirement Defined Contribution Savings Plans for the fiscal year ended June 30, were as follows:

	2017	2016	2015
401(k) Plan			
Employer Contributions	\$ 53,059	\$ 39,832	\$ 34,468
Employee Contributions	23,876	23,086	24,432
457 Plan			
Employer Contributions	159,569	158,995	188,953
Employee Contributions	146,485	142,136	169,503
457 Plan			
Employer Contributions	N/A	N/A	N/A
Employee Contributions	21,395	26,547	33,783

NOTE 12 – RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The City has restricted fund balances for unspent roads funds, special assessments, and impact fees.

NOTE 13 - LITIGATION

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions and pending actions or is in process for miscellaneous claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. City management is of the opinion that the final outcome of the cases will not have an adverse material affect on the City's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the Utah Local Governments Trust (a public entity risk pool). All claims are submitted to the Utah Local Governments Trust, which acts as a commercial insurer. The Association is obligated to pay all claims covered by its plan. All claims are subject to a \$5,000 deductible. The deductible is accrued as a current liability when the claim is incurred. The Utah Local Governments Trust covers claims up to \$10,000,000. The City has not incurred a claim in excess of its coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 15 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City has entered into agreements with various developers to donate infrastructure that will benefit future development within the city. These developers will be repaid with the impact fees collected from those future developments. Because of the fluctuations in the building market within the City and due to the uncertainty of new developments actually being built, the amounts are not reflected as liabilities on the financial statements. They will be recorded as expenses as the future impact fees are received. The amount of outstanding impact fee reimbursement agreements as of the balance sheet date is \$4,982,921.

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 10, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 17 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City received funds paid by developers as deposits for landscaping projects throughout the City. When the projects are completed the funds are returned to the developer. During the 2017 fiscal year it was discovered the \$184,293 of these funds were incorrectly recorded as revenue on the financial statements in prior years. As a result the beginning fund balance of the general fund and the governmental activities net position has been restated. In May of 2014 the City issued Series 2013 water quality revenue bonds. The bond proceeds were received as reimbursements were submitted. \$300,000 of the bond proceeds were incorrectly recorded as revenue on the financial statements in subsequent years. As a result the beginning net position of the business type activities have been restated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFOR

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

June 30, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Proportionate share Proportion of the net pension Fiscal Year net liability (asset)	0.3418200% \$	2016 0.2882055% 1,630	0.2514720%	Tier 2 Public Employees Retirement System	2015 0.0903999% (2	0.0953808%	2017 0.9893570% 11	
sion Covered employee et) payroll	1,484,263 \$ 2,830,676					(208) 616,135		
Porportionate share of the net pension liabilty (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		%81.69			-0.6%	-0.030%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.2%	87.80%	87.30%		103.5%	100.200%	95.100%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31. In accordance with GASB 68, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions June 30, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	Fiscal year ended June 30,	Actuarial Determined Contribution		Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll
Noncontributory System	2014 2015 2016 2016	\$ 495,209 481,847 394,681		\$ 495,209 481,847 394,681		\$ 2,864,137 2,608,808 2,136,875	19.98% 22.03% 22.19%
Tier 2 Public Employees Systems	2017 2014 2015 2016	38,159 89,317 98,317		38,159 89,317 98,396		272,757 597,837 659,935	16.64% 13.85%
Tier 2 Public Employees DC Only System	2017	138,865		138,865	1 1	931,353	14.91%
	2015 2016 2017	979 4,526 9,203	0.10.5	979 4,526 9,203	1 1 1	14,572 67,651 137,568	0.00% 10.02% 6.69%

^{*} Contributions in Tier 2 include an amortization rate to help the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 systems. Tier 2 systems were created effective July 1, 2011.

^{**} The amounts presented were determined for the Calendar year January 1-December 31. In accordance with GASB 68, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

General Fund

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual Totals	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Original	Tillai	Totals	(Ivegative)
Taxes	\$ 5,200,000	\$ 5,200,000	\$ 5,694,480	\$ 494,480
Licenses and permits	1,740,800	1,838,800	2,895,474	1,056,674
Intergovernmental	925,000	967,965	1,322,460	354,495
Charges for services	223,200	263,200	1,288,452	1,025,252
Miscellaneous	214,050	217,050	640,324	423,274
Total revenues	8,303,050	8,487,015	11,841,190	3,354,175
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	2,790,916	2,991,191	2,750,887	240,304
Public safety	2,427,590	2,463,855	2,332,378	131,477
Planning and zoning	394,750	394,750	487,486	(92,736)
Public works	2,746,114	3,047,061	3,115,775	(68,714)
Community development	1,175,101	1,319,801	1,171,572	148,229
Total expenditures	9,534,471	10,216,658	9,858,098	358,560
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1.221.421)	(1.720.642)	1 002 002	2 712 725
over (under) expenditures	(1,231,421)	(1,729,643)	1,983,092	3,712,735
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	ES (USES)			
Proceeds from asset disposals	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,231,421	1,331,421	91,023	(1,240,398)
Transfers out	-	(206,508)	(2,001,387)	(1,794,879)
Total other financing sources	1,231,421	1,124,913	(1,910,364)	(3,035,277)
(uses)				
Net change in fund balance	-	(604,730)	72,728	677,458
Fund balances - beginning Restatement of fund balance	3,070,888	3,070,888	3,070,888	-
(see Note 17)	(184,293)	(184,293)	(184,293)	-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,886,595	\$ 2,281,865	\$ 2,959,323	\$ 677,458

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Detail

Budget to Actual

General Fund

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted	7 Hillounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Totals	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 5,200,000	\$ 5,200,000	\$ 5,694,480	\$ 494,480
Licenses and permits	1,740,800	1,838,800	2,895,474	1,056,674
Intergovernmental	925,000	967,965	1,322,460	354,495
Charges for services	223,200	263,200	1,288,452	1,025,252
Miscellaneous	214,050	217,050	640,324	423,274
Total revenues	8,303,050	8,487,015	11,841,190	3,354,175
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Legislative	40,795	40,795	35,268	5,527
Recorders	302,584	302,584	256,900	45,684
Attorney	75,000	100,000	116,751	(16,751)
Executive	537,032	569,307	606,883	(37,576)
Finance	391,194	391,194	375,897	15,297
Engineering	464,749	464,749	440,091	24,658
Human Resources	226,293	226,293	-	226,293
Information Technology	241,300	281,300	237,809	43,491
Miscellaneous	2.1,500	201,500	-	.5,.,1
Public Information	189,208	289,208	227,869	61,339
Building Maintenance	322,761	325,761	453,419	(127,658)
5	2,790,916	2,991,191	2,750,887	
Total general government	2,790,910	2,991,191	2,730,887	240,304
Public safety				
Police	2,427,590	2,463,855	2,332,378	131,477
Planning and zoning	394,750	394,750	487,486	(92,736)
Public works	_	-	-	_
Streets and Roads	1,781,263	1,930,945	1,914,179	16,766
Parks	964,851	1,116,116	1,201,596	(85,480)
Total public works	2,746,114	3,047,061	3,115,775	(68,714)
Community development				
Arts council	_	_	_	_
Youth committee	1,400	1,400	580	820
Recreation	276,808	316,808	317,220	(412)
Senior council	11,427	11,427	46,857	(35,430)
Special events	135,355	135,355	98,761	36,594
Building				
8	417,360	515,360	407,292	108,068
Library Total community development	332,751 1,175,101	339,451 1,319,801	300,862 1,171,572	38,589 148,229
Total expenditures	9,534,471	10,216,658	9,858,098	358,560
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(1,231,421)	(1,729,643)	1,983,092	3,712,735
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from asset sales	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,231,421	1,331,421	91,023	(1,240,398)
Transfers out	-	(206,508)	(2,001,387)	(1,794,879)
Total other financing sources	1,231,421	1,124,913	(1,910,364)	(3,035,277)
(uses)				
Net change in fund balance	-	(604,730)	72,728	677,458
Fund balances - beginning	3,070,888	3,070,888	3,070,888	-
Restatement of net position (see Note 17)	(184,293)	(184,293)	(184,293)	-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,886,595	\$ 2,281,865	\$ 2,959,323	\$ 677,458

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – Changes in assumptions

The following actuarial assumptions changes were adopted January 1, 2016. The assumed investment return assumption was decreased from 7.50% to 7.20% and the assumed inflation rate was decreased from 2.75% to 2.60%. With the decrease in the assumed rate of inflation, both the payroll growth and wage inflation assumptions were decreased by 0.15% from the prior year's assumption.

NOTE 2 – Budgetary Information

Budgets for the general fund are adopted and presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, PROPRIETARY, AND
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

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	1	Debt Service	ervice			Capit	Capital Projects						Special Revenue Funds	ue Funds					T _O	Total Nonmajor
	General Debt Service Fund	ebt ind	Special Assess. Area -2014	Spe	Special Improv. District 98-1	Spec	Special Improv. District 98-3	Spec Dis	Special Improv. District 97-1	Storm Water Fund	I	Impact Fee Parks	Impact Fee Public Safety	Impact Fee Transportation	se ion	Cemetary		RDA	Govеп Fu	Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	es 60	339	- 279,898	€9	554,221	89	79,503 14,048	69	173,652	- 637,981	\$	222,947	<i>S</i> 9	- 291,119		\$ 554	8 8	16,594	8 6	651,211 1,619,645
Receivables (net): Special assessments			1,127,481		,		'		,	•		•	'		,			•	1,1	1,127,481
Intergovernmental		,	•		•		•		•			•	•		,			•		
Accounts			•		•		•		•	44,307	7	•	•		ì			•		44,307
Due from other funds Total assets	\$	339	. 1,407,379	S	554,221	S	93,551	S	173,652	\$ 682,288	- ~	222,947	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 291,119	119	\$ 554	. 4	16,594	\$ 3,4	3,442,644
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	S LANCES																			
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Deposits	\$		· · ·	⇔	' '	⇔	24,864	€	49,360	\$ 98,847	\$ 2		· · ·	⇔	975	\$ 92	2 - \$		\$	174,138
Due to other funds		,	•		•		٠		•			•	1							
Total liabilities		 •	1				24,864		49,360	98,847		1			975	92	5	-	_	174,138
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable Special Improvement Assessments			1,127,481		,		1		1			'	,		-				1,1	1,127,481
Fund Balances: Fund balances restricted for:																				
Impact fees		,	•		•		•		•	594,439	_	222,947	•	290,144	144			•	1,1	1,107,530
Special Assessments			•		554,221		68,687		124,292			•	•					•	7	747,200
Assigned for:	ć	9	000 000																,	- 500
Debt set vice fund	Ó	65	060,617		•					-									4	200,73
Capital projects fund Special revenue finds										- (10 998)						- 462		- 16 594		6.058
Total fund balances	3.	339	279,898		554,221		68,687		124,292	583,441	4-1 	222,947	0	290,144	144	462	2 2	16,594	2,1	2,141,025
Total Liabilities, Deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	339	\$ 1,407,379	€9	554,221	s	93,551	s	173,652	\$ 682,288	\$	222,947	\$	\$ 291,119	119	\$ 554	8	16,594	\$ 3,4	3,442,644

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY

	O	Combining	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017	of Revenu Nonmajo For the Y	es, Expenir Govern ear Ended	of Revenues, Expenditures, and Ch Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017	id Change unds 2017	s in Fund	Balance			
	Ha C	Daht Convise		Camital Projects				Special Res	Special Revenue Funde			Total Nonmajor
	General Debt	Special Assess.	Special Improv.		Special Improv.	Storm Water	Impact Fee	Impact Fee	Impact Fee	Cametany	AUA	Governmental
REVENUES	Sci vice i und	A10a -2014	Dist. 20-1	C-92: 30-3	revellue 2/-1	NIN T	I dina	1 done Salety	1 Iansportation	Cemerary	VOV	STITE Y
Taxes	- -	S	- -	- -	· •	· •	· •	· •	· •	·	\$ 40,335	\$ 40,335
Special assessments	•	250,663	3	- 107	- 010.010	027.710	- 600 330	- 00 70	- 046 130	•	'	250,663
Charges for services			- +55,654			380.562	500,000	74,574	040,129	17.645	' '	398.207
Intergovernmental	•			•	•		•	•	•	1	,	
Miscellaneous	•	2,65	-	17	5	2,257	•	•	13	•	'	4,946
Total revenues	1	253,317	7 453,859	107,160	212,253	599,598	866,803	24,394	848,142	17,645	40,335	3,423,506
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government	•		- 224,786	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	'	224,786
Public safety	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•
Public works	•	20,000	. 0	85,735	169,818	525,994	61,028	•	586,045	•	•	1,448,620
Planning and Zoning	•				•	•	•	•	•	1 1	1 7	1 000
Community Development Debt service:	•			'	•	•	•			27,472	75,/41	46,216
Principal retirement	0	180,000	. 0	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	'	180,000
Bond issuance costs	'			'	'	i	,	'	'	'	'	
Interest and fiscal charges	0	70,618	~	1	•	•	•	•	•	1		70,618
Capital outlay	'				•	•	•	•	'	•		•
Total expenditures	0	270,618	8 224,786	85,735	169,818	525,994	61,028		586,045	22,475	23,741	1,970,240
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	0	(17,301)	1) 229,073	21,425	42,435	73,604	805,775	24,394	262,097	(4,830)	16,594	1,453,266
Other financing sources (uses)				•				,				
Transfers in	•						•	•	•	5,000		5,000
Transfers out						(602)	(1,200,000)	(91,023)	(550,000)		-	(1,841,625)
Total other financing sources and uses	1				1	(602)	(1,200,000)	(91,023)	(550,000)	5,000		(1,836,625)
Excess revenues and other sources over (under) expend. and other uses	,	(17,301)			42,435	73,002	(394,225)	(66,629)	(287,903)	170	16,594	(383,359)
Fund balances - beginning of year	339	297,199	4	47,262	81,857	510,439	617,172	66,629	578,047	292		2,524,384
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 339	\$ 2/9,89	8 \$ 554,221	e-	\$ 124,292	\$ 583,441	\$ 222,947	-	\$ 290,144	\$ 462	\$ 16,594	\$ 2,141,025

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Special Improvement District 2000-1 For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Totals	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Special assessments	\$ 366,648	\$ 366,648	\$ 56,978	\$ (309,670)
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	4,870	3,370
Impact fees	300,000	300,000	579,249	279,249
Total revenues	668,148	668,148	641,097	(27,051)
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				-
Principal	321,000	321,000	-	321,000
Interest and fees	232,148	232,148	-	232,148
General government	55,000	55,000	51,361	3,639
Public works	60,000	200,000	235,473	(35,473)
Total expenditures	668,148	808,148	286,834	521,314
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures		(140,000)	354,263	494,263
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers out	(154,424)	(154,424)	-	154,424
Total other financing sources and uses	(154,424)	(154,424)		154,424
Net change in fund balance	(154,424)	(294,424)	354,263	648,687
ivet change in fund balance	(134,424)	(234,424)	334,203	048,08/
Fund balances - beginning	254,424	254,424	254,424	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 100,000	\$ (40,000)	\$ 608,687	\$ 648,687

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Special Assessment Area - 2014

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			iance with l Budget -
		<u> </u>			Actual		ositive
		Original		Final	 Totals	(N	(egative)
REVENUES							
Special assessments	\$	208,769	\$	212,769	\$ 250,663	\$	37,894
Miscellaneous		-		-	 2,654		2,654
Total revenues		208,769		212,769	253,317		40,548
EXPENDITURES							
Public works		-		4,000	20,000		(16,000)
Debt service							-
Principal		95,000		95,000	180,000		(85,000)
Interest and fees		113,769		113,769	 70,618		43,151
Total expenditures		208,769		212,769	 270,618		(57,849)
Excess (deficit) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures					 (17,301)		(17,301)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(USE	S)					
Bond Proceeds				-			
Total other financing sources					 		
Net change in fund balance		-		-	(17,301)		(17,301)
Fund balances - beginning		297,199		297,199	297,199		_
Fund balances - ending	\$	297,199	\$	297,199	\$ 279,898	\$	(17,301)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Capital Projects Fund

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
			Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Totals	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,823	\$ 13,823
Miscellaneous			16,736	16,736
Total Revenues			30,559	30,559
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				
Capital outlay	1,862,800	6,691,075	4,444,671	2,246,404
Total expenditures	1,862,800	6,691,075	4,444,671	2,246,404
Excess (deficit) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(1,862,800)	(6,691,075)	(4,414,112)	2,276,963
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (I	USES)			
Transfers in	1,771,012	6,599,287	6,431,710	(167,577)
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,771,012	6,599,287	6,431,710	(167,577)
Net change in fund balance	(91,788)	(91,788)	2,017,598	2,109,386
Fund balances - beginning	33	33	33	-
Fund balances - ending	\$ (91,755)	\$ (91,755)	\$ 2,017,631	\$ 2,109,386

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

General Debt Service Fund

		Budgeted	Amount	s			Variance Final Bu	
					Ac	tual	Posit	ive
	Orig	ginal	Fi	nal	То	tals	(Negat	tive)
REVENUES		_		_				_
Miscellaneous	\$		\$		\$		\$	
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest and fees		-		-		-		_
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-
Excess (deficit) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U	JSES)							
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		-		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning		339		339		339		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	339	\$	339	\$	339	\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Special Improvement District 98-1

							riance with
		Budgeted	Amou	nts			al Budget -
					Actual]	Positive
		Original	_	Final	Totals	(1	Vegative)
REVENUES							
Special assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Miscellaneous		-		-	-		-
Impact fees		200,000		225,000	453,859		228,859
Total revenues		200,000		225,000	453,859		228,859
EXPENDITURES							
Public works		200,000		225,000	224,786		214
Debt service		-		-	-		-
Total expenditures		200,000		225,000	224,786		214
Excess (deficit) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures					 229,073		229,073
OTHER FINANCING SOUR	CES	(USES)					
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	229,073		229,073
Fund balances - beginning		325,148		325,148	 325,148		
Fund balances - ending	\$	325,148	\$	325,148	\$ 554,221	\$	229,073

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Special Improvement District 98-3For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				ance with					
		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Final Budget -		
						Actual	Positive		
	Oı	riginal	Final		Totals		(No	egative)	
REVENUES									
Special assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Miscellaneous		-		-		17		17	
Impact fees		62,000		75,000		107,143		32,143	
Total revenues		62,000		75,000		107,160		32,160	
EXPENDITURES									
Public works		62,000		75,000		85,735		(10,735)	
Total expenditures		62,000		75,000		85,735		(10,735)	
Excess (deficit) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures						21,425		21,425	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	ES (US	SES)							
Total other financing sources						-			
Net change in fund balance		-		-		21,425		21,425	
Fund balances - beginning		47,262		47,262		47,262			
Fund balances - ending	\$	47,262	\$	47,262	\$	68,687	\$	21,425	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Special Improvement District 97-1

				ance with Budget -				
					Actual	Positive		
	Or	iginal	 Final		Totals	(No	egative)	
REVENUES								
Special assessments	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Miscellaneous		-	-		5		5	
Impact fees		154,786	185,786		212,248		26,462	
Total revenues		154,786	185,786		212,253		26,467	
EXPENDITURES								
Public works		154,786	185,786		169,818		15,968	
Total expenditures		154,786	185,786		169,818		15,968	
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures			 		42,435		42,435	
OTHER FINANCING SOUR	CES (U	JSES)						
Operating transfers out		-	 -				-	
Total other financing sources			 -				-	
					10.10.5		10.10.5	
Net change in fund balance		-	-		42,435		42,435	
Fund balances - beginning		81,857	81,857		81,857		_	
Fund balances - ending	\$	81,857	\$ 81,857	\$	124,292	\$	42,435	
2		- 1,00 /	 31,007		,		.2, .23	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Storm Water Fund

							Var	iance with
		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fina	ıl Budget -
						Actual	F	ositive
	O	riginal	Final		Totals		(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	380,562	\$	30,562
Miscellaneous		500		500		2,257		1,757
Impact fees		66,500		66,500		216,779		150,279
Total revenues		417,000		417,000		599,598		182,598
EXPENDITURES								
Public Works		545,090		545,090		525,994		19,096
Total expenditures		545,090		545,090		525,994		19,096
Excess (deficit) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(128,090)		(128,090)		73,604		201,694
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	S)							
Operating transfers out						(602)		(602)
Total other financing sources		-		-		(602)		(602)
Net change in fund balance		(128,090)		(128,090)		73,002		201,092
Fund balances - beginning		510,439		510,439		510,439		
Fund balances - ending	\$	382,349	\$	382,349	\$	583,441	\$	201,092

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Parks Impact Fee

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgetee	1 / Hillouins	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Totals	(Negative)
REVENUES	Original	Tillal	Totals	(Negative)
		4 7 1 0 0 0 0	A 066.00 2	A. A. E. C. O. O. A.
Impact fees	\$ 510,000	\$ 510,000	\$ 866,803	\$ 356,803
Total revenues	510,000	510,000	866,803	356,803
EXPENDITURES				
Public works	75,000	110,000	61,028	48,972
Total expenditures	75,000	110,000	61,028	48,972
Excess (deficit) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	435,000	400,000	805,775	405,775
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)			
Transfers Out	(600,000)	(1,800,000)	(1,200,000)	600,000
Total other financing sources	(600,000)	(1,800,000)	(1,200,000)	600,000
-				
Net change in fund balance	(165,000)	(1,400,000)	(394,225)	1,005,775
Fund balances - beginning	617,172	617,172	617,172	-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 452,172	\$ (782,828)	\$ 222,947	\$ 1,005,775
_		` ' '		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Public Safety Impact FeeFor the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoi	unts				ance with Budget -	
		Buagetta				Actual		ositive	
	(Original		Final		Totals	(Negative)		
REVENUES		711gmai	1 mai		101115			egative)	
Impact fees	\$	21,500	\$	21,500	\$	24,394	\$	2,894	
•	φ		φ		Φ		Φ		
Total revenues		21,500		21,500		24,394		2,894	
EXPENDITURES									
Public safety		_		_		_		_	
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		21,500		21,500		24,394		2,894	
· / 1		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		,	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	S)								
Operating Transfers Out		-		(91,000)		(91,023)		(23)	
Total other financing sources		-		(91,000)		(91,023)		(23)	
Net change in fund balance		21,500		(69,500)		(66,629)		2,871	
Fund balances - beginning		66,629		66,629		66,629		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	88,129	\$	(2,871)	\$	-	\$	2,871	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Transportation Impact Fee

		1 Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Final	Totals	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 13	\$ 8		
Impact fees	525,500	525,500	848,129	322,629		
Total revenues	525,505	525,505	848,142	322,637		
EXPENDITURES						
Public works	395,000	775,000	586,045	188,955		
Total expenditures	395,000	775,000	586,045	188,955		
Excess (deficit) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	130,505	(249,495)	262,097	511,592		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	S)					
Operating transfers in		-	-	-		
Operating transfers out	(550,000)	(550,000)	(550,000)	-		
Total other financing sources	(550,000)	(550,000)	(550,000)			
Net change in fund balance	(419,495)	(799,495)	(287,903)	511,592		
Fund balances - beginning	578,047	578,047	578,047			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 158,552	\$ (221,448)	\$ 290,144	\$ 511,592		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Cemetery Fund

		Budgeted	Amoı	ınts			Variance with Final Budget -		
					1	Actual	P	ositive	
	C	Original		Final		Γotals	(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Charges for Services	\$	33,000	\$	33,000	\$	17,645	\$	(15,355)	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-	
Impact fees									
Total revenues		33,000		33,000		17,645		(15,355)	
EXPENDITURES									
Community Development		37,884		37,884		22,475		15,409	
Total expenditures		37,884		37,884		22,475		15,409	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		(4,884)		(4,884)		(4,830)		54	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5)					_			
Operating Transfers In	,			-		5,000		5,000	
Total other financing sources		-		-		5,000		5,000	
Net change in fund balance		(4,884)		(4,884)		170		5,054	
Fund balances - beginning		292		292		292		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	(4,592)	\$	(4,592)	\$	462	\$	5,054	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual

Redevelopment Agency

	Buc	dgeted	Amou	ınts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Origina	a1	Final			Totals	(Negative)		
REVENUES	Origina	Original		Tillai		Totals		egative)	
Taxes	\$ -		\$	42,225	\$	40,335	\$	(1,890)	
	Ф	-	Ф	42,223	Ф	40,333	Ф	(1,090)	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-	
Impact fees						-		- (1.000)	
Total revenues				42,225		40,335		(1,890)	
EXPENDITURES									
Community Development		-		42,225		23,741		18,484	
Total expenditures		-		42,225		23,741		18,484	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures						16,594		16,594	
(under) expenditures						10,334		10,334	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	S)								
Operating Transfers In				-		-		-	
Total other financing sources									
Net change in fund balance		-		-		16,594		16,594	
Fund balances - beginning						-		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$	16,594	\$	16,594	

Combining Statement of Net Position

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

_			1	Business				
	G	arbage		ncubator	Go	lf Course		Total
ASSETS		arouge		14404101		11 000100		10101
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	539,317	\$	83,351	\$	53,611	\$	676,279
Accounts receivable - net	-	163,916	*	512	*	-	*	164,428
Total current assets		703,233		83,863		53,611		840,707
Noncurrent assets:								
Note Receivable -(net of current portion)		_		_		702,908		702,908
Net pension asset		_		_				
Land, equipment, buildings and improvements		_		_				_
Less: Accumulated depreciation		_						
Total noncurrent assets						702,908		702,908
Total assets		703,233		83,863		756,519		1,543,615
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related costs		_		5,506		_		5,506
Total deferred outflow of resources				5,506				5,506
				-,				-,
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		116,570		2,232		-		118,802
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Total current liabilities		116,570		2,232		-		118,802
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Deposits		_		_		_		_
Compensated absences		_		_		_		_
Net penson liability		_		10,108		_		10,108
Bonds payable		_		-		_		-
Total noncurrent liabilities				10,108				10,108
Total liabilities		116,570		12,340		-		128,910
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related costs		_		3,074		_		3,074
Total deferred outflow of resources				3,074				3,074
Total deferred outflow of resources				3,074				3,074
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		_		_		_		_
Unrestricted		586,663		73,955		756,519		1,417,137
Total net Position	\$	586,663	\$	73,955	\$	756,519	\$	1,417,137
1 otal net 1 osition	φ	500,005	φ	13,733	φ	130,319	φ	1,71/,13/

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

	Garbage	Business Incubator	Golf Course	Total
Operating revenues:			-	
Charges for services	\$ 1,276,313	\$ 3,648	\$ -	\$ 1,279,961
Other operating revenue	-	4,822	-	4,822
Total operating revenues	1,276,313	8,470		1,284,783
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and wages	934	78,121	-	79,055
Purchased services	1,118,407	60,254	-	1,178,661
Materials and supplies	42,669	-	-	42,669
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	13,518			13,518
Total operating expenses	1,175,528	138,375		1,313,903
Operating income	100,785	(129,905)	-	(29,120)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Other Income	-	-	-	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-		-	
Net income (loss) before contributions				
and transfers	100,785	(129,905)		(29,120)
Contributions and transfers				
Contributions	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	-	72,000	152,908	224,908
Operating transfers out			(464,157)	(464,157)
Total contributions and transfers		72,000	(311,249)	(239,249)
Change in net Position	100,785	(57,905)	(311,249)	(268,369)
Total net position - beginning	485,878	131,860	1,067,768	1,685,506
Total net position - ending	\$ 586,663	\$ 73,955	\$ 756,519	\$ 1,417,137

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Nonmajor Proprietary FundsFor the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Garbage	Business	Go	lf Course		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to employees	\$	1,279,123 (934)	\$ 10,563 (81,973)	\$		\$	1,289,686 (82,907)
Payments to suppliers	(1,145,898)	(58,981)		-	((1,204,879)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		132,291	 (130,391)				1,900
Cash Flows From Noncapital							
Financing Activities							
Transfers In		-	72,000		-		72,000
Transfers Out			 -				
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities			72,000				72,000
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities							
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Net cash provided (used) by investing and related financing activities		-	-		-		-
Ç							
Net increase (decrease) in cash and			/=0 =0.4\				
cash equivalents		132,291	(58,391)		- 52 (11		73,900
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning Cash and cash equivalents (deficit) - end	\$	407,026 539,317	\$ 141,742 83,351	\$	53,611 53,611	\$	602,379 676,279
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income	\$	100,785	\$ (129,905)	\$	_	\$	(29,120)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by Depreciation expense					_		
(Inc.)/decrease in accounts rec.		2,810	2,093		_		4,903
(Inc.)/decrease in due from other funds		-	-		-		-
(Inc.)/decrease in due from net pension asset		-	2		-		2
(Inc.)/decrease in deferred outflows		-	2,176		-		2,176
Increase/(decr.) in net pension liability		-	(5,481)		-		(5,481)
Increase/(decr.) in deferred inflows		20.000	(549)		-		(549)
Increase/(decr.) in accounts payable Increase/(decr.) in due to other funds		28,696	1,273		-		29,969
Total adjustments		31,506	 (486)		-		31,020
Net cash provided (used) by		51,500	 (100)				31,020
operating activities	\$	132,291	\$ (130,391)	\$	-	\$	1,900

Combining Statement of Net Position

Internal Service Funds

June 30, 2017

	Fleet		Utility Billing		GIS	Services	Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	247,667		104,770	\$	45,513	\$	397,950
Accounts receivable - net		-		-		-		-
Receivable from Sale of Telecom Assets		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-				-		_
Total current assets		247,667		104,770		45,513		397,950
Noncurrent assets:								
Net pension asset		-		-		-		-
Land, equipment, buildings and improvements	2	2,075,242		13,996		34,581		2,123,819
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1	1,293,618)		(6,065)		(19,019)		(1,318,702)
Deferred bond financing costs - net		-		-		-		-
Total noncurrent assets		781,624		7,931		15,562		805,117
Total assets	1	1,029,291		112,701		61,075		1,203,067
DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES								
Pension related costs				16,943		8,471		25,414
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		34,360		2,269		1,670		38,299
Debt interest payable		909		-		-		909
		-		-		-		-
Current portion of long-term debt		113,056				-		113,056
Total current liabilities		148,325		2,269		1,670		152,264
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Deposits		-		-		-		-
Compensated absences		-		4,465		841		5,306
Net pension liability		-		31,102		15,551		46,653
Bonds payable - net of current portion		_		_		-		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		_		35,567		16,392		51,959
Total liabilities		148,325		37,836		18,062		204,223
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related costs				9,458		4,729		14,187
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		668,568		7,931		15,562		692,061
Unrestricted		212,398		74,419	_	31,193		318,010
Total net Position	\$	880,966	\$	82,350	\$	46,755	\$	1,010,071

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

Internal Service Funds

			usiness			
	 Garbage	In	cubator	Go	lf Course	 Total
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,276,313	\$	3,648	\$	-	\$ 1,279,961
Other operating revenue	 -		4,822		-	4,822
Total operating revenues	 1,276,313		8,470		-	 1,284,783
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and wages	934		78,121		-	79,055
Purchased services	1,118,407		60,254		-	1,178,661
Materials and supplies	42,669		-		-	42,669
Depreciation and amortization	-		-		-	-
Miscellaneous	 13,518					13,518
Total operating expenses	 1,175,528		138,375		-	1,313,903
Operating income	100,785	((129,905)		-	(29,120)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Other Income	_		-		-	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-				-	-
Net income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers	100,785		(129,905)			(29,120)
Contributions and transfers						
Contributions	-		-		-	-
Operating transfers in	-		72,000		152,908	224,908
Operating transfers out	-		-		(464,157)	(464,157)
Total contributions and transfers	-		72,000		(311,249)	(239,249)
Change in net Position	100,785		(57,905)		(311,249)	(268,369)
Total net position - beginning	485,878		131,860		1,067,768	1,685,506
Total net position - ending	\$ 586,663	\$	73,955	\$	756,519	\$ 1,417,137

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Internal Service Funds

								-
		Fleet	Uti	lity Billing	GIS	S Services		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	Ф	527.257	Φ.	207.150	•	122.021	Ф	066 427
Receipts from customers	\$	537,257	\$	207,159	\$	122,021	\$	866,437
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers		(220,937)		(137,758) (62,463)		(82,775) (28,190)		(220,533)
Net cash provided (used) by		(220,937)		(02,403)		(20,190)		(311,590)
operating activities		316,320		6,938		11,056		334,314
Cash Flows From Noncapital								
Financing Activities								
Transfers In		-		-		-		-
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-				-		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Proceeds from the sale of assets		49,116		-		-		49,116
Acquistion of capital assets		(420,058)		-		-		(420,058)
Principal paid on outstanding debt		(110,916)		-		-		(110,916)
Interest paid on outstanding debt		(4,323)		-		-		(4,323)
Net cash provided (used) by capital								
and related financing activities		(486,181)		-		-		(486,181)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Net cash provided (used) by investing and related financing activities								
Net increase (decrease) in cash and								
cash equivalents		(169,861)		6,938		11,056		(151,867)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		417,528		97,832		34,457		549,817
Cash and cash equivalents (deficit) - end	\$	247,667	\$	104,770	\$	45,513	\$	397,950
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income	\$	17,075	\$	88	\$	10,675	\$	27,838
Adjustments to reconcile operating		.,,						.,
income to net cash provided (used) by								
Depreciation expense		273,623		2,800		6,916		283,339
(Inc.)/decrease in accounts rec.		-		-		-		-
(Inc.)/decrease in due from other funds		-		-		-		-
(Inc.)/decrease in due from net pension asset		-		3		3		6
(Inc.)/decrease in deferred outflows		-		(5,125)		3,347		(1,778)
Increase/(decr.) in accounts payable		25,622		(3,437)		(860)		21,325
Increase/(decr.) in net pension liability		-		7,120		(8,431)		(1,311)
Increase/(decr.) in deferred inflows		-		3,885		(844)		3,041
Increase/(decr.) in compensated absences		200.215		1,604		250		1,854
Total adjustments Net cash provided (used) by		299,245	_	6,850		381		306,476
operating activities	\$	316,320	\$	6,938	\$	11,056	\$	334,314

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STATISTICAL SECTION

FINANCIAL TRENDS

Pages 94-99 of the Statistical Section of this report show financial trends in the City over the last ten years, both for governmental activities as well as business-type activities (proprietary or enterprise funds)

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets*	\$ 38,569,662	\$ 38,569,662 \$ 40,748,737 \$ 44,418,052 \$	\$ 44,418,052	\$ 46,497,009	46,497,009 \$ 49,118,537 \$ 47,599,396 \$	\$ 47,599,396	\$ 47,939,072	\$ 59,048,455	47,939,072 \$ 59,048,455 \$ 66,092,722 \$	\$ 76,834,279
Restricted	2,987,194	1,500,596	1,065,240	714,724	542,636	510,486	668,962	1,081,833	1,642,085	1,107,530
Unrestricted	12,138,463	9,592,381	11,520,458	9,051,382	7,743,147	7,213,734	9,891,812	6,694,321	5,176,939	6,950,460
Total governmental activities	53,695,319	51,841,714	57,003,750	56,263,115	57,404,320	55,323,616	58,499,846	66,824,609	72,911,746	84,892,269
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets*	20,641,852	26,114,762	31,480,947	29,952,526	31,476,911	30,175,509	32,487,480	32,767,922	38,007,144	43,226,694
Restricted	6,183,242	2,564,551	1,283,953	1,429,319	2,074,128	2,326,787	2,712,824	1,239,952	2,992,801	4,132,156
Unrestricted	10,477,807	9,991,369	11,302,137	13,459,716	12,984,090	12,116,297	13,123,112	19,392,299	17,900,677	18,406,880
Total business-type activities net position	37,302,901	38,670,682	44,067,037	44,841,561	46,535,129	44,618,593	48,323,416	53,400,173	58,900,622	65,765,730
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets*	59,211,514	66,863,499	75,898,999	76,449,535	80,595,448	77,774,905	80,426,552	91,816,377	104,099,866	120,060,973
Restricted	9,170,436	4,065,147	2,349,193	2,144,043	2,616,764	2,837,273	3,381,786	2,321,785	4,634,886	5,239,686
Unrestricted	22,616,270	19,583,750	22,822,595	22,511,098	20,728,237	19,330,031	23,014,924	26,086,621	23,077,616	25,357,340
Total primary government net position	\$ 90,998,220	\$ 90,512,396	\$ 101,070,787	\$ 90,998,220 \$ 90,512,396 \$ 101,070,787 \$ 101,104,676 \$ 103,940,449 \$ 99,942,209 \$ 106,823,262	\$ 103,940,449	\$ 99,942,209	\$ 106,823,262	\$ 120,224,783	\$ 120,224,783 \$ 131,812,368 \$ 150,657,999	\$ 150,657,999

Source: Eagle Mountain City

*Net of Related Debt

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses										
Government activities:										
General government	\$ 3,393,442	\$ 3,259,897	\$ 3,106,320	\$ 2,990,083	\$ 3,153,351	\$ 3,121,417	\$ 2,731,266	\$ 2,555,214	\$ 3,257,256	\$ 3,075,688
Public safety	2,598,390	3,224,661	3,178,543	3,365,961	3,293,066	3,581,943	2,083,205	2,352,818	2,286,418	2,332,378
Highways & public works	3,365,857	3,008,069	2,892,028	3,214,925	3,213,528	3,973,735	4,516,101	6,730,966	6,496,475	7,506,410
Community development	887,663	856,425	1,298,779	1,412,892	1,018,550	1,280,805	1,036,699	876,459	1,174,443	1,281,716
Planning	353,383	311,035	286,370	272,774	427,747	357,287	327,311	395,512	380,673	508,154
Interest on long-term debt	904,835	642,187	596,349	547,600	476,291	308,993	243,250	160,767	166,707	68,597
Total governmental activities expense	11,503,570	11,302,274	11,358,389	11,804,235	11,582,533	12,624,180	10,937,832	13,071,736	13,761,972	14,772,943
Business-tyne activities										
Water utility	3,192,084	2,219,747	2,736,064	2,662,958	2,770,503	2,692,125	3,017,295	3,589,243	4,077,461	4,217,435
Sewer utility	2,237,142	2,140,464	2,332,494	2,789,203	2,957,091	3,014,536	2,899,340	3,510,591	3,923,954	4,004,069
Electric utility	7,369,758	6,901,985	7,652,208	7,681,522	8,608,622	9,819,481	10,135,436	9,834,298	95,183	61,235
Gas utility	4,290,584	4,027,587	3,548,988	3,538,421	3,789,711	3,494,341	4,102,155	3,452,371	690,62	61,731
Golf Course	•	•	444,284	287,459	•	•	1	•	•	•
Non Major Business	610,650	640,488	689,636	859,093	1,202,245	3,047,851	1,061,465	1,031,895	1,148,040	1,310,495
Total business-type activities expense	17,700,218	15,930,271	17,403,674	17,818,656	19,328,172	22,068,334	21,215,691	21,418,398	9,323,707	9,654,965
Total primary government expenses	29,203,788	27,232,545	28,762,063	29,622,891	30,910,705	34,692,514	32,153,523	34,490,134	23,085,679	24,427,908
Program Revenues Governmental activities										
Charges for services:	6,352,024	4,491,894	3,705,627	3,916,189	4,167,532	4,685,581	3,485,946	3,574,307	4,569,333	4,898,084
Operating grants and contributions	339,536	288,904	319,680	442,020	198,014	138,386	29,359	14,442	52,235	24,429
Capital grants and contributuions	2,211,621	1,011,026	6,545,969	3,016,669	4,365,668	1,742,092	6,473,181	10,865,051	10,001,603	13,384,998
Total governmental activities programs revenues	8,903,181	5,791,824	10,571,276	7,374,878	8,731,214	6,566,059	9,988,486	14,453,800	14,623,171	18,307,511
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:	17,301,246	16,324,142	18,004,454	17,864,153	19,213,210	20,737,488	24,004,272	20,171,460	11,472,554	13,254,589
Operating grants and contributions	1	1	650,000	i	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1
Capital grants and contributions	1,371,050	973,910	6,397,229	729,027	1,381,304	231,593	948,298	4,418,845	3,431,786	6,250,205
Total business-type activities program revenues	18,672,296	17,298,052	25,051,683	18,593,180	20,594,514	20,969,081	24,952,570	24,590,305	14,904,340	19,504,794
Total primary governmental program revenues	27,575,477	23,089,876	35,622,959	25,968,058	29,325,728	27,535,140	34,941,056	39,044,105	29,527,511	37,812,305

Changes in Net Position (cont.) (accrual basis of accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year					
Net (Exnense)/Revenue	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (2,600,389) \$ 972.078	(5,510,450) \$ 1,367,781	(787,113) \$ 7,648,008	(4,429,357) \$ 774,524	(2,851,319) \$ 1,266,342	\$ (6,058,121) \$ (1.099,253)	(949,346) \$ 3.736,879	1,382,064 \$ 3.171.906	861,199 \$	\$ 3,534,568 9,849,829
Total Primary government net expense	(1,628,311)	(4,142,669)	6,860,895	(3,654,833)	(1,584,977)	(7,157,374)	2,787,533	4,553,970	6,441,832	13,384,397
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities Taxes										
Property taxes	932,200	835,302	1,044,484	943,293	1,194,590	1,378,945	1,124,767	1,089,674	1,202,258	1,377,090
General sales & use tax	1,716,936	1,682,982	1,768,140	1,809,411	1,918,612	2,053,493	2,246,317	2,478,132	2,751,058	3,139,809
Franchise tax	839,254	813,319	673,339	870,743	840,600	869,847	697,421	870,287	1,110,170	1,224,569
Other	224,844	122,869	•	•	,	•	'	•	1	,
Interest earnings	847,814	202,373	56,460	62,486	38,722	26,550	25,015	43,559	82,267	204,058
Contribution of assets from Utility Funds	•	•	•		•	•	•	3,852,118	•	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	•	1	•	•	1	1	1	(297,188)	•	
Transfers		•	2,206,726				32,056	195,519	80,184	2,684,721
Total Governmental activities	4,561,048	3,656,845	5,749,149	3,685,933	3,992,524	4,328,835	4,125,576	8,232,101	5,225,937	8,630,247
Other Business-type activities: Gain (loss) on disposition of capital assets	,	1	(44,928)	2,790	428,227	1	1	6,234,012	1	
Contribution of assets from Utility Funds	•		•		,			(3,852,118)	•	
Transfers	1	1	(2,206,726)	ı			(32,056)	(195,519)	(80,184)	(2,684,721)
Total Other Business-type activities		1	(2,251,654)	2,790	428,227	0	(32,056)	2,186,375	(80,184)	(2,684,721)
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	566 238	(1 853 605)	5 162 036	837 404	(1637.370)	3 379 489	5 507 640	8 232 101	5 225 937	12 164 815
Business-type activities	(402,166)	1,367,781	5,396,355	1,266,342	(1,099,253)	3,736,878	3,139,851	2,186,375	(80,184)	7,165,108
Total primary government	\$ 164,072 \$		10,558,391 \$	2,103,746 \$	(2,736,623) \$	7,116,367 \$	8,647,491 \$	\$ 10,418,476 \$	5,145,753	\$ 19,329,923

Source: Eagle Mountain City

^{*}Adjustment to reflect the consolidations of internal service fund activities to enterprise funds.

1. Capital Contributions are part of the activities and should not be reported separate

2. Adjustments for the internal service funds are included in the activities and should not be reported separate

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

							Fiscal Year	/ear					
	2008	2009		2010	20	2011	2012	2013	<u>13</u>	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017
General Fund													
Restricted	\$ 366,766	∽	.5 \$	330,030	\$	\$ 9994	226,675 \$ 330,030 \$ 259,994 \$ 322,006 \$		20,468 \$	· •	· •	· •	· •
Unassigned	1,515,640	572,725	52	1,030,020	7.	744,883	1,078,312		70,514	2,602,459	2,162,826	1,870,514 2,602,459 2,162,826 3,070,888 2,959,323	2,959,323
Total general fund	1,882,406	799,400	0(1,360,050	1,0	,004,877	1,400,318		90,982	2,602,459	1,890,982 2,602,459 2,162,826 3,070,888	3,070,888	2,959,323
All Other Governmental Funds													
Restricted	2,620,428	1,273,921	21	735,210	4	454,730	2,277,180		2,041,588	1,688,626	1,934,908	2,350,766	2,463,417
Assigned							498,146	8	861,413	2,073,633	965,104	428,063	2,303,926
Unassigned reported in													
Special Revenue Funds	9,703,661	1,637,680	80	1,679,518		1,291,126							
Capital Projects Funds		(274,214)	(4)	1,120,288	5	583,268							
Nonmajor	3,077,418	1,445,534	4	1,551,808	1,3′	1,371,682							
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 15,401,507	\$ 4,082,92	\$ 13	5,086,824	\$ 3,7	\$ 908,00	3, 2,775,326	\$ 2,90	3,001	\$ 3,762,259	\$ 2,900,012	15,401,507 \$ 4,082,921 \$ 5,086,824 \$ 3,700,806 \$ 2,775,326 \$ 2,903,001 \$ 3,762,259 \$ 2,900,012 \$ 2,778,829 \$ 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,343 4,767,3	\$ 4,767,343

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisc	Fiscal Year				
Revenues	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017
Taxes	\$ 3,427,645	\$ 3,364,610	\$ 3,625,087	\$ 3,725,354	\$3,983,273	\$4,260,060	\$ 4,128,574	\$ 4,438,660	\$ 5,060,489	\$ 5,734,815
Licenses, fees, and permits	942,640	786,417	948,384	582,467	705,536	1,124,774	1,552,860	1,662,088	2,214,940	2,895,474
Intergovernmental	712,562	1,008,313	1,025,706	1,470,391	—	1,047,984	778,765	821,777	948,648	1,336,283
Charges for services	2,093,475	2,450,291	2,533,440	3,221,891	3,361,767	3,428,521	1,882,121	1,855,281	2,039,483	1,686,659
Special assessments	585,043	419,457	657,738		650,680	398,497	867,149	422,258	1,922,459	307,641
Impact fees	426,557	258,491	971,829			877,598	1,495,226	1,523,058	2,024,613	3,308,604
Miscellaneous	1,072,658	517,664	606,367	549,381	138,951	158,836	120,980	313,700	767,731	928,999
Total Revenues	9,260,580	8,805,243	10,368,551	10,755,711	10,423,254	11,296,270	10,825,675	11,036,822	14,978,363	15,936,352
Expenditures										
Current:										
General Government	3,378,071	3,240,846	3,070,761	3,030,497	3,001,105	3,109,776	2,703,466	2,617,687	3,222,850	3,027,034
Community Development	895,471	894,762	1,538,065	1,423,667	1,037,651	1,266,531	1,027,595	1,106,656	1,245,069	1,217,788
Public Works	1,795,329	1,313,918	1,097,471	1,452,650	1,249,543	1,863,423	3,412,266	3,136,684	2,880,937	4,799,868
Public Safety	2,811,955	3,162,711	3,146,335	3,312,336	3,246,420	2,806,751	2,065,929	2,367,014	2,286,418	2,332,378
Planning and Zoning	346,933	304,463	273,129	270,376	432,894	348,991	317,400	386,939	415,180	487,486
Finance & Admin. Services										
Tax Increment Distributions										
Debt service										
Principal Retirement	3,464,889	390,000	342,000	1,133,000	1,092,000	854,000	3,651,000	940,000	1,817,000	180,000
Bond Issuance Costs							123,286	1	i	•
Interest and Fiscal Charges	907,643	545,830	529,374	511,161	416,682	313,772	226,440	277,744	180,379	70,618
Capital Outlay	620,132	3,593,620	1,013,590	1,363,216	476,999	144,662	375,859	1,664,752	2,223,822	4,444,671
Total expenditures	14,220,423	13,446,150	11,010,725	12,496,903	10,953,294	10,707,906	13,903,241	12,497,476	14,271,655	16,559,843
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditure	(4,959,843)	(4,640,907)	(642,174)	(1,741,192)	(530,040)	588,364	(3,077,566)	(1,460,654)	706,708	(623,491)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (cont.)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	9996	0000	0.00	100	Fiscal Year		4 100	2100	2100	t d
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>2008</u>	<u>7008</u>	2010	1107	7107	2013	2014	2012	2016	7107
Issuance of long term debt Interim warrants Proceeds from Asset Disposals Loss on Grant Noncompliance Debt Proceeds							4,616,245	497,516 (412,000)		
Contributions Transfer in Transfers out	3,681,608 (3,681,608)	1,606,049 (1,606,049)	4,716,936 (2,510,210)	478,504 (478,504)	400,426 (400,426)	30000 608,584 (608,584)	660,676 (628,620)	2,154,692 (2,081,434)	1,802,835 (1,722,651)	6,527,733 (3,843,012)
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	2,206,726	0	0	30,000	4,648,301	158,774	80,184	2,684,721
Net change in fund balances	\$ (4,959,843) \$ (4,640,907) \$ 1,564,552 \$ (1,741,192) \$ (530,040) \$	\$ (4,640,907)	\$ 1,564,552	\$ (1,741,192) \$	\$ (530,040) \$		618,364 \$ 1,570,735 \$ (1,301,880) \$ 786,892	(1,301,880)		\$ 2,061,230
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	32.15%	9.50%	8.72%	14.77%	14.40%	11.06%	28.66%	11.24%	16.58%	2.18%

REVENUE CAPACITY

Pages 100-107 of the Statistical Section of this report show the revenue capacity for the City from taxes and fees. Also shown are taxable values for property within the City.

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage	of Actual	Taxable Value	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
	Estimated Actual	Taxable Value	1,396,601,633	1,234,231,425	1,155,429,735	1,116,705,707	998,984,224	1,279,750,211	1,075,001,160	1,298,297,438	1,476,766,282	1,704,152,318
	Total Direct	Tax Rate	0.1163% \$	0.1230%	0.1400%	0.1510%	0.1636%	0.1668%	0.1380%	0.1192%	0.1118%	0.1081%
	Total Taxable	_	\$ 768,130,898								812,221,455	937,283,775
Less: Tax-	Exempt	Property	\$ 49,158,454	51,845,483	48,731,927	49,382,126	111,821,405	131,764,164	112,450,383	113,153,951	148,536,798	165,072,422
	Centrally	Assessed Values	\$ 28,594,463	31,439,606	31,393,836	32,887,551	35,388,207	33,929,671	33,929,671	33,648,886	39,069,499	56,115,663
	Unimproved Non			18,694,414		14,520,156			75,696,353	74,765,712	104,647,449	104,011,021
		FAA	\$ 656,571	704,063	741,782	1,029,619	1,067,528	1,366,436	1,080,159	1,017,153	984,050	1,120,838
	Agricultural	Property	\$ 1,007,400	1,007,400	801,342	944,800	1,794,000	2,296,320	1,744,200	3,722,200	3,835,800	3,824,900
Commercial and	Industrial	Property (2)	\$ 24,341,246	38,659,780	32,364,170	29,931,499	13,742,397	17,590,268	15,222,724	19,539,846	21,392,771	31,143,681
	Residential	Property (1)	743,789,652	640,167,504	603,122,184	584,256,640	535,698,926	686,272,348	576,027,914	694,523,745	790,828,684	2017 906,140,094 31,143,681 3,824,900 1,120,83
	Fiscal	Year	2008 \$	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

*2013 figures are estimates

2) Commercial and Industrial Property has been combined with 'Personal Property-Other Property'

¹⁾ Residential Property has been combined with Personal Property-Primary Mobile Homes'

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

_	City Dir	ect Rates			Overlapp	ing Rates			
				Central Utah		Salt Lake	State	Local	
		Total		Water	Alpine	Valley	Assessing	Assessing	
Fiscal	Basic	Direct	Utah	Conservancy	School	Fire	&	&	Total Tax
Year	Rates	Rates	County	District	District	District	Collecting	Collecting	Rate
2008	1.163	1.163	0.843	0.302	6.937		0.121	0.036	9.402
2009	1.230	1.230	0.809	0.286	7.057		0.121	0.175	9.678
2010	1.400	1.400	0.878	0.400	7.541		0.142	0.183	10.544
2011	1.510	1.510	1.108	0.421	8.220		0.162	0.024	11.445
2012	1.636	1.636	1.143	0.436	8.812		0.172	0.027	12.226
2013	1.668	1.668	1.127	0.455	8.828		0.168	0.029	12.275
2014	1.380	1.380	1.006	0.446	8.699	2.192	0.158	0.095	13.976
2015	1.192	1.192	0.916	0.422	8.096	2.097	0.013	0.220	12.956
2016	1.118	1.118	0.870	0.405	8.177	1.997	0.012	0.216	12.795
2017	1.081	1.081	0.834	0.400	7.718	1.884	0.011	0.204	12.132

Source: Utah County Treasurer

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY
Principal Property Tax Payers
Fiscal Years 2008 and 2017

			2017			2008	
	Ta	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable	Taxable	Pe	Percentage of Total City Taxable
TAXPAYER		Value	Rank	Assessed Value	Assessed Value Ra	Rank	Assessed Value
PACIFICORP	\$	24,680,445	1	2.04%			
QUESTAR GAS		16,128,641	2	1.34%			
KERN RIVER GAS TRANSMISSION CO		11,429,128	33	0.95%			
DIRECT COMMUNICATIONS		9,840,331	4	0.82%			
CJM LIMITED PARTNERSHIP		5,633,400	5	0.47%			
RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT LLC		5,387,920	9	0.45%			
AMH 2014-3 BORROWER LLC		5,038,220	7	0.42%			
PONY EXPRESS LAND DEVELOPMENT INC		4,330,600	8	0.36%			
FIELDSTONE SILVERLAKE LLC		4,041,790	6	0.33%			
RPP LLC		3,831,300	10	0.32%			
	⊗	90,341,775	1 11				
KERN RIVER GAS TRANS CO					\$ 15,565,483	_	1.99%
BUCKEYE PROPERTIES LLC					11,939,500	7	1.53%
STONE HAVEN DEVELOPMENT LLC					6,666,000	8	1.24%
EAGLE MOUNTAIN HOLDINGS LLC					8,565,196	4	1.09%
EAGLE MOUNTAIN LINKS LLC					7,982,890	2	1.02%
DIRECT COMMUNICATIONS CEDAR VALLEY LLC					7,847,015	9	1.00%
SL6LLC					7,840,602	_	1.00%
SUNDANCE HOMES LLC					7,781,876	∞	%66.0
PREMA-SCHILL LLC					4,848,347	6	0.62%
MONTERRA ENTERPRISES LLP					4,212,490	10	0.54%
					\$ 86,249,399		

Property Tax Levied and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Levied for the Fiscal Year	Current Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Delinquent Amount Collected	Total Collected to Date	Percentage of Levy
2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	1,005,266 1,022,944 1,033,170 1,082,688 1,102,986 972,744 987,417 1,074,593	\$ 685,943 824,566 865,717 912,961 990,018 1,027,078 910,201 931,878 1,014,350 1,136,921	84.9% 82.0% 84.6% 88.4% 91.4% 93.1% 93.6% 94.4% 95.4%	\$ 121,814 180,700 157,227 119,773 92,363 75,594 61,263 53,731 52,093 41,987	\$ 807,757 1,005,266 1,022,944 1,032,734 1,082,381 1,102,672 971,464 985,610 1,066,444 1,178,908	100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 99.96% 99.97% 99.87% 99.82% 99.24% 98.91%

Source: Utah County Treasurer

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY

Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year					
	2008	<u>2009</u>	2010	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015	2016	<u>2017</u>
Retail/Grocery		\$ 3,901	\$ 10,184	\$ 54,104	\$ 67,338	\$ 82,984	\$ 127,141	\$ 222,813	\$ 298,627	\$ 339,642
Utility/Communication		209,307	159,474		182,864	195,865	201,344	223,063	224,107	234,343
Auto dealers & supplies		1,393	1,373	6,781	9,006	11,539	13,639	15,401	15,978	18,382
Eating & drinking establishments		9,040	7,784	7,476	12,503	11,119	9,687	10,251	24,765	32,893
Home furnishings and appliances		3,208	2,184	1,914	975	1,774	2,827	2,326	5,719	2,735
Medical		110	217	1,483	2,265	2,698	2,300	3,872	3,815	6,680
Service stations		39,461	33,609	38,238	39,338	43,905	47,175	45,297	53,990	68,693
All other outlets		68,466	27,393	11,698	15,415	16,041	36,561	39,795	58,993	143,245
Utah State Tax- Motor Vehicle		19,761	38,309	45,568	46,642	50,422	54,359	60,151	67,971	85,646
Totals		\$ 354,647	\$ 280,527	\$339,688	\$376,346	\$ 416,347	\$ 495,032	\$339,688 \$376,346 \$416,347 \$ 495,032 \$ 622,970 \$ 753,965 \$ 932,259	\$ 753,965	\$ 932,259

Source: The City of Eagle Mountain

Note: The City did not keep track of taxable sales by category prior to FY 2009.

Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Eagle Mountain City Direct Rate	Utah County	Mass Transit, Highway and Airport	State of Utah
2008	1.00%	0.25%	0.30%	4.65%
2009	1.00%	0.25%	0.55%	4.70%
2010	1.00%	0.25%	0.80%	4.70%
2011	1.00%	0.25%	0.80%	4.70%
2012	1.00%	0.25%	0.80%	4.70%
2013	1.00%	0.25%	0.80%	4.70%
2014	1.00%	0.25%	0.80%	4.70%
2015	1.00%	0.25%	0.80%	4.70%
2016	1.00%	0.25%	0.80%	4.70%
2017	1.00%	0.25%	0.80%	4.70%

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry Fiscal Years 2008 and 2017

		Fiscal Ye	Fiscal Year 2008*			Fiscal Year 2017	ar 2017	
	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability	Percentage of Total	Number of Percentage of Filers Total	rcentage of Total	Tax Liability	Percentage of Total
Retail/Grocery	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	836	49.5% \$	339,642.20	36.4%
Utility/Communication	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	95	5.6%	` '	25.1%
Auto Dealers & Supplies	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	37	2.2%	18,382.20	2.0%
Eating/Drinking Establishments	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	21	1.2%	32,893.33	3.5%
Home Furnishings & Appliances	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	52	3.1%	2,734.93	0.3%
Medical	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	31	1.8%	6,679.80	0.7%
Service Stations	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9	0.4%	68,693.02	7.4%
All Other Outlets	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	611	36.2%	143,245.25	15.4%
Utah State Tax- Motor Vehicle	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	_	0.1%	85,645.88	9.2%
Total	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1690	100.0%	100.0% \$ 932,259.30	100.0%

Source: The City of Eagle Mountain

*City has no records for FY2008.

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY
Charges for Water Fees
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2017</u>	\$ 3,802,599		1,512	\$ 3,804,111
	<u>2016</u>	\$ 2,004,797 \$ 2,284,387 \$ 2,439,024 \$ 2,633,580 \$ 2,811,503 \$ 3,062,503 \$ 3,222,097 \$ 3,802,599		470,701	79 \$ 2,177,196 \$ 2,284,387 \$ 2,439,024 \$ 2,633,580 \$ 2,970,610 \$ 3,078,476 \$ 3,692,798 \$ 3,804,111
	<u>2015</u>	\$ 3,062,503		159,107 15,973 470,701	\$ 3,078,476
	<u>2014</u>	\$2,811,503		159,107	\$2,970,610
Fiscal Year	<u>2013</u>	\$ 2,633,580	•	1	\$ 2,633,580
Fiscal	<u>2012</u>	\$2,439,024		1	\$2,439,024
	<u>2011</u>	\$ 2,284,387	•	1	\$ 2,284,387
	<u>2010</u>	\$ 2,004,797		172,399	\$ 2,177,196
	<u>2009</u>	1,803,162 \$ 1,872,564	•	142,505 92,515	\$ 1,965,079
	<u>2008</u>	\$ 1,803,162	•	142,505	\$ 1,945,667 \$ 1,965,07
		Water Sales	Secondary Water	Other	Totals

DEBT CAPACITY

Pages 108-112 of the Statistical Section of this report show ratios and margins for debt obtained by the City in the form of bonds for capital infrastructure within the City.

(dollars in thousands except per capita) EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Per Capita	2.015	1,897	1,985	2,133	1,988	2,275	2,076	1,041	905	822
		Percentage of	Personal	Income Per	18.61%	16.32%	14.20%	15.77%	11.37%	12.77%	11.65%	5.84%	4.70%	4.27%
		I	Total Primary	Government	\$ 44.951	43,637	42,507	46,934	44,935	52,802	53,465	26,804	24,738	24,008
tivities		Unamortized	Bond	Premium	414	390	366	342	518	816	489	1,047	586	924
Business-type Activities	Vater and Electric and	Gas	Revenue	Bonds	\$ 21,015		19,920	19,275	18,560	27,530	25,338	•	•	1
Bus	Water and	Sewer	Revenue	Bonds	\$ 16.500	16,115	15,778	22,160	21,792	21,245	23,031	22,754	22,119	21,741
			Capital	Leases	ı ∽	,	153	•	•	•	440	333	224	113
		Special	Assessment	bond 2013-1	ı €		1	•	•	ı	2,400	2,360	1,410	1,230
Governmental Activities	Sales Tax	Series 2013	(SA bond	2006 2000-1)	4.486	4,335	4,224	3,529	3,088	2,926	1,621	867	1	ı
Governmer	Special	Assessment	bond 2004A	98-1	\$ 1.632	1,508	1,396	1,081	558	ı	ı	ı	ļ	1
		Special	Assessment	bond 98-3	9	1		•	1	1	1	1	•	1
		Excise	Fiscal tax road	ponds	8 904		029	547	419	285	146	•	•	1
1			Fiscal	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2017

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt woneid with property toyes			
Debt repaid with property taxes	¢	4.200/	¢
Utah County	\$ -	4.20%	*
Alpine School District	441,725,000	7.80%	34,454,550
Central Utah Water Cons. Dist.	661,689,000	0.93%	6,153,708
Subtotal, overlapping debt			40,608,258
City direct debt		,	1,343,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 41,951,258

<u>Please Note</u>: Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt includes bonds and other debt from entities which appear on Eagle Mountain residents' property tax statements. These debts are not Eagle Mountain City obligations directly but instead are obligations other taxing entites have to which residents of Eagle Mountain are required to pay through property tax assessments to those entities. The overlap percentage is calculated based on population and value assessment statistics gathered by Utah County.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for FY 2017

\$1,110,387 133,246		ı	oayment of		imit	133,246
Assessed value Debt limit (12% of the assessed value)	Debt applicable to limit	General obligation bonds	Less: Amount set aside for repayment of	general obligation debt	Total debt debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin

	2017	133,246		133,246	0.00%
		↔			
	2016	96,938 \$ 109,972 \$		109,972	0.00%
		↔			.0
	2015			96,938	%00.0
		8			νο.
	2014	83,804		83,804	0.00%
_	2013	79,794		74,895 79,794 83,804	0.00%
Year	2	↔			
Fiscal Year	2012	74,895 \$ 79,794 \$ 83,804		74,895	0.00%
	2011	75,720 \$		75,720	0.00%
	2010	83,359 \$		83,359	0.00%
		↔			
	2009	90,254		90,254	0.00%
		↔			. 0
	2008	98,075		98,075	0.00%
		8	imit		
		Debt limit	Total net debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit

Utah State Tax Commission

Source:

Notes:

Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 12% of total assessed property value. Of this percent, a maximum of 4% may be used for general purpose. The remaining 8% and any unused portion of the 4% available for general purpose up to a maximum of 12% may be used for water, sewer, and electrical projects.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

			Coverage	0	1.00	1.00	1.00	09.0	0.47	0.94	1.87	0.25	1.04	
s Tax 2013)	Debt Service		Interest		504	370	380	387	294	257	241	88	62	•
SID 2000-1 (Sales Tax 2013)	Ι		Principal	1	\$ 1,628 \$	151	111	969	441	162	109	754	298	•
IIS			Special Assessment		\$ 2,132 \$	521	491	651	346	394	959	213	964	57
			Coverage	!	66.0	(0.04)	0.88	0.83	0.39	0.47	0.52			•
sı	Debt Service		Interest		\$ 971	944	929	918	1,231	1,271	1,227	٠	•	•
venue Bond	D		Principal	1	\$ 460	515	580	645	1,435	1,395	1,435	•	•	•
Electric and Gas Revenue Bonds		Net	Available Revenue		\$ 1,417	(58)	1,334	1,305	1,028	1,264	1,371	•	•	•
Electric			Operating Expenses	1	8 9,980	10,123	9,958	10,246	11,061	12,002	13,321	•	٠	•
		Utility	Service Charge	o	\$ 11,397	10,065	11,292	11,551	12,089	13,266	14,692	•	٠	•
			Coverage	0	1.18	0.92	0.62	0.22	90.0	0.24	0.64	0.21	0.23	0.27
spu	Debt Service		Interest		4	790	789	829	830	802	788	933	515	889
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	D		Principal	1	\$ 235 \$	385	340	358	395	442	450	592	530	829
ter and Sewe	!	Net	Available Revenue		862 \$	1,080	969	264	9/	295	797	327	244	372
Wat		Less:	Operating Expenses	1	\$ 2,719	2,614	3,692	4,432	4,825	4,833	4,932	5,774	6,787	7,087
			Service Charge	0	\$ 3,517	3,694	4,387	4,696	4,901	5,128	5,729	6,101	7,031	7,459
1		- i	Fiscal Year		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY
Pledged-Revenue Coverage (cont.)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands)

		Class B & C Road Funds Principal Interest Coverage	3.75	4.09	4.69	4.93	4.89	5.15	5			
Excise Tax Road Bond	Debt Service	terest (39	36	31	28	21	16	10	٠	•	•
Road	Debt	ıl İn	∽		_		~~		. •			
e Tax		incipa	111	115	119	123	128	134	146	-	-	•
Excis		S P	563 \$	∞	4	5.	6	72	∞			
		Class B & C Road Funds	56	61	2	74	72	772	738			
		Class	S									
		Coverage	1	•	•	•	ı	•	•	0.93	06.0	1.00
+ 1	Debt Service	Interest Coverage	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	118	71
SAA 2014-1	Ď	Principal	•	1	1	1	•	•	1	224	950	180
S	l	Special Assessments	•	•	•	•	•	•	211	209	959	251
		Coverage	0.22	0.79	0.59	0.44	0.52	0.01				
A)	Debt Service	Interest	703	101	110	76	99	41	ı	ı	ı	ı
(2005	Debt	Int	∽									
SID 98-1 (2005A)		ipal	345	108	112	315	523	558	ı	ı	ı	ı
SII		Principal	∽									
	•	Special Assessments		166	132	182	305	5	•	•	•	•
1		Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

DEMOGRAPHICS AND ECONOMICS

Pages 113-114 of the Statistical Section of this report show demographic and economic statistics for the City over the last 10 years of the City's history.

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar	Population	Pe	ersonal Income	I	er Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate*
2008	22,309	\$	271,043,036	\$	12,149	3.2
2009	23,000		292,965,933		12,738	5.2
2010	21,415		299,270,206		13,975	7.1
2011	22,008		297,656,898		13,525	7.5
2012	23,531		395,326,200		16,800	6.1
2013	24,097		355,865,378		14,768	4.6
2014	25,760		386,553,677		15,006	3.7
2015	27,027		440,705,329		16,306	3.2
2016	31,165		512,700,028		16,451	2.9
2017	32,980		570,420,663		17,296	2.9

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2017 2008⁽²⁾

			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Alpine School District	482	1	41.80%	N/A		N/A
Eagle Mountain City	128	2	11.10%	N/A		N/A
Ridley's Family Market	114	3	9.89%	N/A		N/A
Job Match LLC	60	4	5.20%	N/A		N/A
Rockwell High School	50	5	4.34%	N/A		N/A
Ranches Academy	48	6	4.16%	N/A		N/A
Questar Gas	37	7	3.21%	N/A		N/A
The Ranches Golf Club	30	8	2.60%	N/A		N/A
TM Crushing LLC	27	9	2.34%	N/A		N/A
Maverik	23	10	1.99%	N/A		N/A
Revere Health	20	11	1.73%	N/A		N/A
Direct Communications	19	12	1.65%	N/A		N/A
Village Pizza	18	13	1.56%	N/A		N/A
Six Sisters Deli & Grille	18	13	1.56%	N/A		N/A
Subway	15	15	1.30%	N/A		N/A
Domino's Pizza	15	15	1.30%	N/A		N/A
Utah Addiction Centers, LLC	13	17	1.13%	N/A		N/A
Jiffy Lube	13	17	1.13%	N/A		N/A
Gotta Dance	12	19	1.04%	N/A		N/A
Holiday Oil	11	20	0.95%	N/A		N/A
Total City Employment	1,153		88.38%	N/A		N/A

Source: The City of Eagle Mountain

(2) The City did not collect employee information as part of business license or any other process until 2009.

N/A = Not Available

⁽¹⁾ Includes the top twenty employers according to total number of employees.

OPERATING INFORMATION

Pages 115-117 of the Statistical Section show operating statistics and performance measurement data for the City's overall performance over the last 10 years.

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time-Equivalent Employees as of June 30

		<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Function/Pro	<u>ogram</u>										
General gove	ernment										
General gove	Administration	8.6	6.6	8.6	11	8	7	5	5.5	4	5.41
	Finance	4	4	3	3	3	3	4	3.3 4	4	3.41
	Planning	5	4	3.5	2.5	3.5	2.83	4	4	4	3.0
	Building	7	6	5.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	5.5	5.75	5	5.25
	Recorder	3	3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.73	3	3.23
	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.5	3	2.1
	Public Information	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.25	2	2.1
	Human Resources	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.23	1	1
	Other	0	0	0	0	3.38	3	1.5	2.15	1.5	7.38
Police	omer	O	Ü	Ū	V	3.50	3	1.5	2.13	1.5	7.50
Tonce	Crossing Guards	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	4.75	5.25	5	4.52
Fire	Crossing Guaras	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	1.75	3.23	5	1.52
	Firefighters and offic	16.75	15.8	16.59	16.59	17	17	0	0	0	0
Parks and re		5	5	1	4.75	4.5	4.5	7.2	7.2	7.5	9.33
Library		2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	4.13	4.13	5.15	5.5	6	6.33
Other public	works										
1	Management	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Engineering	2	2	2.3	2.6	2.66	2.66	4.96	5	5	4.33
	Streets	4	4	3.5	3.25	3.5	3.5	4.5	4.5	7.5	6.01
	Water	4	4	6	5.17	5.17	5.16	5.3	5.5	7	5.93
	Wastewater	4	4	5.1	5.17	5.17	5.17	5.31	4	4.5	5.3
	Utility Billing	4	4	4	3.75	4.75	5	5.5	4	3	3.5
	Other	0	1	4	2	2	2	2.68	3.38	3	4.63
Energy		18	13	13	12	12	11	13	0	0	0
	-										
Total	=	94.15	86.1	84.59	83.78	88.46	85.65	84.35	72.48	76	84.02

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY
Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	1	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Pro	Function/Program: General government										
Building											
	Building permits issued	254	131	323	259	280	458	559	674	1,086	1,437
	Building inspections conducted	3,869	2,471	3,900	1,698	1,850	2,864	4,155	4,958	6,382	8,000
Police ¹											
	Physical arrest		392	424	454	384	416	353	498	481	492
	Warrants served		34	53	99	58	48	39	98	154	98
	Traffic violations		1,157	1,730	1,565	2,062	1,399	1,500	1,821	2,148	1,420
Fire ²											
	Emergency responses	640	612	929	693	694					
	Inspections	73	95	105	110	155					
Streets											
	Miles plowed - snow removal		14,546	9,594	12,185	5,339	10,574	5,896	1,394	11,522	10,981
	Crack seal (sq. ft.) ³			267	513	1,280	480	720	305	147	462,000
	Asphalt Repairs (sq. ft.)		309,798	18,484	130,786	10,308	21,768	58,313	88,454	75,782	365,731
Parks and recreation	creation										
	Youth City sports registrations		2,056	2,183	2,301	2,747	2,704	3,379	3,402	2,448	1,011
	Total recreational sports (youth/adult)		4/1	3/0	3/1	3/1	3/5	4/5	4/5	3/5	1/7
Water											
	New meters installed		310	351	147	137	228	354	410	446	657
	Water meters replaced		190	169	169	169	239	156	646	436	318
	Average daily pumped (gallons)		3,231,197	3,262,153	3,785,400	4,272,384	4,142,638	4,285,000	4,036,302	4,820,000	4,903,000
	Avg daily consumption (gallons)		2,730,512	3,305,721	4,013,088	3,732,753	4,332,255	4,076,000	4,030,318	4,366,025	4,858,875

Source: The City of Eagle Mountain

Notes:

¹ The City contracts with the Utah County Sheriff's Department for police services.

 $^{^2}$ Unified Fire Authority acquired the assets and took over operations of the City's Fire Department in January of 2013.

³ Starting in 2017, crack seal repairs are measured in number of square feet of roads repaired. Prior to 2017, crack seal was measured in number of staff hours spent.

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program		<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017
Police ¹											
7	Patrol units		15	15	15	15	15	15	16	16	16
Fire-	Fire Hydrants				918	918	958	957	866	1.116	1.123
	Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2) •			9	
Other public works											
	Streets (miles)	113.52	122.98	136		133	133.5	138.37	143	151.97	154.14
	Gas mains (miles) ³		103	114		116	129	136.5			
	Sewer plant capacity (gallons)		250,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000
	Sanitary sewers (miles) ⁴		72	72.2		72.2	73	85	89.49	83.95	94.6
Parks and recreation											
	Total developed park (acres)		78.22	58	99	92	79	88	06	100	124
	Playgrounds	Ξ	11	11	12	15	15	15	15	17	23
	Baseball/softball diamonds	3	3	\mathcal{C}	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
	Soccer/football fields	ж	3	З	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Water											
	Water pipe (miles) ⁴ Total water storage (gallons)		136 4,600,000	139 6,600,000	139 139 6,600,000 6,600,000	141 6,600,000	142 6,600,000	151.9 6,600,000	156.65 6,600,000	125.59 6,600,000	136.59 9,000,000

Source: The City of Eagle Mountain

Notes:

¹ The City contracts with the Utah County Sheriff's Department for police services

² Unified Fire Authority acquired the assets and took over operations of the City's Fire Department in January of 2013. Fire hydrants are still owned by the City.

³ Questar Gas acquired the assets and took over operations of the City's natural gas utility in March of 2015

⁴ Sanitary sewer miles and water pipe miles decreased in 2016 due to improvements made in the City's GIS system to make it more accurate.

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GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS REPORT UTAH STATE COMPLIANCE REPORT



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Eagle Mountain City Eagle Mountain, Utah

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eagle Mountain City (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Eagle Mountain City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control which might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

AMERICAN FORK OFFICE 85 NORTH CENTER STREET AMERICAN FORK, UT 84003 (801) 756-9666 FAX (801) 756-9667 PROVO OFFICE 190 WEST 800 NORTH #100 PROVO, UT 84601 (801) 377-5300 FAX (801) 373-5622 WWW.GILBERTANDSTEWART.COM HEBER OFFICE 2 SOUTH MAIN, SUITE 2A HEBER, UT 84032 (435) 654-6477 FAX (801) 373-5622

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report in an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART, CPA PC December 10, 2017

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RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE STATE COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Eagle Mountain City, Utah

Report On Compliance with General State Compliance Requirements

We have audited Eagle Mountain City's ("the City") compliance with the applicable general state compliance requirements described in the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, issued by the Office of the Utah State Auditor, that could have a direct and material effect on the City for the year ended June 30, 2017.

General state compliance requirements were tested for the year ended June 30, 2017 in the following areas:

Budgetary Compliance
Fund Balance
Utah Retirement Systems
Restricted Taxes and Related Revenues
Open and Public Meetings Act
Treasurer's Bond
Enterprise Fund Transfers
Tax Levy Revenue Recognition

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the general state requirements referred to above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit of the compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Compliance Audit Guide. Those standards and the State Compliance Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the City occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with general state compliance requirements. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on General State Compliance Requirements

In our opinion, Eagle Mountain City, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the State Audit Guide and which are described in a separate letter to management dated December 10, 2017, as item 2017-1. Our opinion on compliance was not modified with respect to these matters.

The City's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in a separate letter to management. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the City to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with general state compliance requirements and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a general state compliance requirement on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a general state compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a general state compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

We noted matters involving internal control over compliance which we are submitting for your consideration. These matters are described in a separate letter to management as item 2017-1.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert & Stewart

December 10, 2017

EAGLE MOUNTAIN CITY COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FY ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



1650 STAGECOACH RUN, EAGLE MOUNTAIN, UT 84005 QUESTIONS: DIAL 801-789-6601